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## MEMBERS OF THE DIET SURVEY SUB-COMMITTEE

Appointed at the 16th meeting of the Nutrition Advisory Committee held in New Delhi on the 10th December, 1947

- Dr K. Mitra (Convener)  
Prof. K. Rajagopal  
" S Banerjee  
Dr M. V. Radhakrishna Rao (co-opted in place of late Dr R. Dadachanji)  
" C O Karunakaran (did not function)

The report was first presented at the 19th meeting of the Nutrition Advisory Committee held in New Delhi on the 22nd/23rd November 1949 and finally adopted at the 20th meeting of the Committee held in Bangalore on the 1st July 1950.

**Indian Council of Medical Research**

**SPECIAL REPORT SERIES**

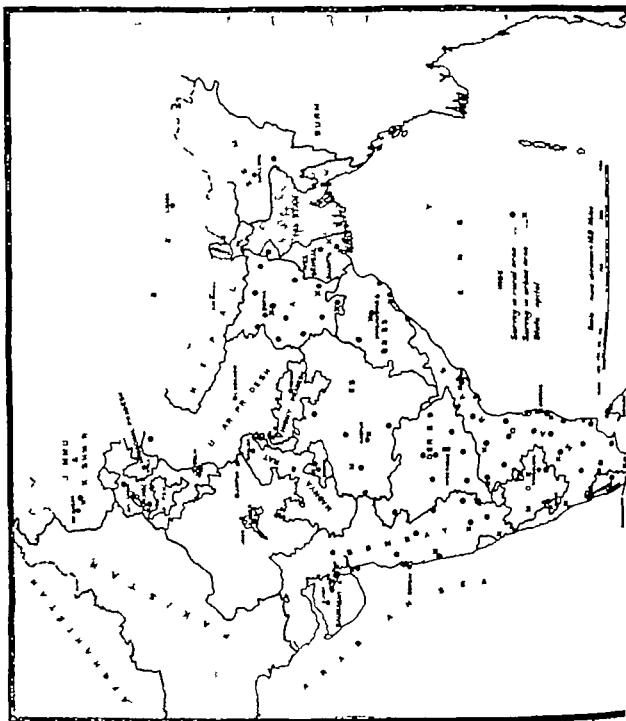
**No. 20**

**Results of Diet Surveys  
in India**

**1935 48**

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**1951**



NUTRITION is one of the major factors responsible for the maintenance of health and physical fitness and in its turn the state of nutrition of any community or group of people depends to a very great extent on the quality and quantity of food its members consume. In the formulation of a policy to improve the nutritional condition of the people it is essential that the actual amount and the types of food consumed by the different age, sex, occupational social or economic groups are ascertained. Then only a change for the better can be brought over in the dietary habits of the people through education, increased production and/or imports of food or a judicious and equitable distribution of the same through rationing and planned community feeding. Determination of average consumption levels for each of the foods are possible only in such countries which maintain a reasonably accurate record of their food production, of imports and exports with the added proviso that families even of the lowest income groups possess enough purchasing power to meet the quantitative or calorie requirements in their diet.

In order to plan a programme for procurement and distribution of food on the basis of the physiological needs of the people consumption levels for each of the different types of the food stuff have been calculated for some of the countries of Europe and North America within the recent years. Unfortunately for various unavoidable reasons we do not possess the necessary data for estimating such average consumption levels. On the other hand quite a large number of dietary surveys have been carried out within the last 15 years in different parts of the country. Though these surveys cannot be considered as representative of the country as a whole yet a review of the result can yield a fairly reliable picture of the dietary habits and consumption levels existing at the period of survey amongst the various groups of families scattered all over India.

In the year 1945 Dr W. R. Aykroyd, the then Director of the Nutrition Research Laboratories of the Indian Council of Medical Research at Coonoor had revised his "Note on the Result of Dietary Surveys in India, Burma and Ceylon" first published in 1941. When this revised note was under consideration of the Nutrition Advisory Committee at its meeting on the 10th December 1947 it was felt by the Committee that the information contained therein was not adequate and that it should be supplemented in the near future by a fuller and more comprehensive document on diet surveys. This decision of the Committee was necessitated mainly due to the fact that Dr Aykroyd's note was generally confined to results of surveys published in the scientific journals only and made no reference to those published after 1945 for obvious reasons. The data tabulated in the present memorandum pertain to all surveys that have been carried out up to the autumn of 1948. A comparison of the number of surveys recorded in

Dr. Aykroyd's note and in the present one, would, it is expected be considered sufficient justification for the publication of the latter. In the present publication, however, all surveys pertaining to residents outside the territories of the Indian Union incorporated in Dr. Aykroyd's note have been excluded.

In interpreting the data pertaining to the diet surveys detailed later in the text for purposes of comparison there are certain limitations which may not be lost sight of

(a) The surveys extend over a long period of fourteen years and this period extending from 1935 to 1948 has wrought an unexpected change in the price structure and wage levels and consequently in the socio-economic life of the country. It started with low wages, low prices for agricultural produce, but was followed in about five years time by a steady increase in the wages and prices, appreciable reduction in unemployment and scarcity of food as a result of the second world war. During the first three years of post war conditions, included within the period under reference this country like most of the others was still suffering from an unbalanced economy and production of food was certainly below pre war levels as far as the common man was concerned.

(b) The surveys were confined to a few days only in any one season and rarely repeated.

(c) In the absence of reasonably accurate yardsticks for calculating the purchasing power of the groups of families surveyed no attempt has been made to study the levels of consumption in relation to income. The investigations reported pertain mostly to poor class families.

(d) In the absence of an agreed or accepted schedule of enquiry and absence of collaboration in general between the different investigators, certain information of importance has been left out.

In spite of the limitations enumerated, the array of figures presented have a tremendous bearing, both immediate and remote, on any planned programme and studies pertaining to our national health. The immediate importance is that a perusal of the figures will help in sizing up the problems of nutrition related to food in all its aspects, and a decade or two later these figures may help the future nutrition workers to gauge by a comparison with similar figures in their times, whether the trends of dietary habits in the country have improved, deteriorated or remained more or less stationary. In the determination of the scope and extent of different epidemics as also for epidemiological studies, the weekly monthly quarterly and yearly epidemic reports serve as landmarks or milestones. It would not be wrong to assume that a study of dietary surveys records would similarly enable the departments of Health and Agriculture to have a better understanding of their problems and to assess how far their efforts have succeeded in the improvement of diets in general.

## COLLECTION AND PRESENTATION OF RESULTS

Except in one or two rare exceptions the figures incorporated in the report have been collected by the different investigators by a house to house visit and actual weighing of foodstuffs for a continuous period varying from 7 to 21 days, depending on the facilities available at each of

the enquiries. As the records of the surveys which have been compiled within the recent years were not collected on a uniformly planned schedule details on all the points could not be supplied in the report. An attempt has been made to indicate the average income of the groups of families surveyed, but it must be understood that such averages have but very limited values. Some of the investigators have taken the trouble of assessing the total income of the families surveyed in terms of money and such figures whenever available have been included in the relevant tables. Unfortunately total income of any family hardly indicates its purchasing power a factor which depends on the number and the age and sex composition of its members.

The average daily intake of each type of food, in ounces, by each hypothetical adult male, known commonly as Consumption Unit in each of the groups of families or institutions surveyed and shown in the appended tables, has been calculated from the total weight of raw food actually cooked in each unit comprising the group. In other words the gross weight in raw state of each of the types of food cooked by each unit during the period of enquiry has been divided by the number of days which covered the period of that particular investigation and the number of consumption units for calculation of the average figure. The number of consumption units in each family or institution has been estimated on the basis of the table of Calorie Co-efficients suggested by the League of Nations in 1932, for men and women of different ages. The arithmetic mean of average intake of each family or institution comprising a group has been indicated in the tables.

The foodstuffs have been classified under certain broad heads and items possessing similar nutrient composition are grouped together. Of the dozen different groups of food thus classified, vegetables comprise of largest number of variable items, than any of the others. Being an important protective food, particularly in view of qualitative deficiency in Indian diets, the make up of the vegetable quota determines to a very great extent, adequacy or otherwise of two important nutrients, namely minerals and vitamins. The figures of consumption given under this particular head would have yielded the information about dietary habits of each group of consumers in greater detail if it could have been possible to classify them under three subheads leafy vegetables, root vegetables and other vegetables. Owing to the unfortunate absence of a planned schedule the results had not been presented by most of the investigators, on the above lines. Efforts towards such classification had to be abandoned as a reference, at this stage of compilation, to original records for each individual family or institution numbering some thousands, lying in different centres of investigation, would have necessitated labour and attention hardly justifiable for the purpose. The same remarks apply to the column "fats and oils" as also "flesh foods".

It may be mentioned in passing, that the classification and grouping of the different types of foodstuff adopted in the appended tables of average intake are on the lines accepted by different investigators in India and in keeping, except for slight modifications, with that subsequently followed by Dr Aykroyd in his Note referred to earlier. The average figures for raw foods shown in the tables have not been converted in the terms of the different nutrients e.g. proteins, fats, carbohydrates etc. with the aid of the published table of food values, mainly because the enormous amount of calculations involved would by no means have been commensurate with the information which could



thus be made available. Further complete nutrient make up for all items of the samples of the same food grown in different parts of India have differed, even though slightly in the concentration of some of the nutrients. Consequently the average figures for each of the nutrients in terms of grammes, milligrammes and International units in the case of vitamins, would have indicated a degree of precision hardly justified from the technique of compilation, tabulation and calculation of the data. In the form in which data have been presented it is quite open to any one, if he so desires, to obtain within a few minutes with the aid of a table of food values an approximate idea of nutrients contained in any of the dietary schedules.

## TREND OF DIETARY HABITS

In presenting any array of tables the usual practice is that the figures are covered by a note of commentary usually of an informative nature based on actual observations. Whilst following this practice the dangers inherent in wide generalisations were fully recognized and have been avoided as far as it was possible.

It will be noticed that in almost all the Provinces and States\* wherever diet surveys have been carried out they have been confined mostly to the families and institutions of poor income groups although a certain number of upper middle class families have been included within the scope of a small number of investigations. It is not at all surprising that 50 odd investigators who had collected the data had all been attracted to the poor class families in preference to those of the richer classes. The reason is very obvious it is the poor men's diet in the country which needs a greater correction than that which is needed for the economically higher classes possessing adequate purchasing power. Besides, the poor and the lower middle class families who cannot afford to pay for balanced diets comprise about 80% of the population, and as such random sampling of households in any locality leads to an inclusion of lower middle class and poor class families in overwhelming numbers. The other reason for the preponderance of families of lower income group is, that very few surveys have been carried out in the cities with a view to study the dietary habits of well-to-do people. Nevertheless a large number of families belonging to upper income groups do not desist from consuming unbalanced diet either through ignorance or through their preference for particular types of foods or blind allegiance to certain conventional dietary habits.

The average diet of an Indian is lopsided primarily because of its extremely high cereal content. The other noticeable feature is that the diet lacks in adequate amounts of protective foods leading to inadequacy and very often to a total lack of proteins of good quality. Inadequacy of minerals and most of the important vitamins in more or less varying degrees is the other important feature. It has not been sufficiently realised that the inadequacy of B group of vitamins is of the most serious import in view of large intake of carbohydrates. Intake of vitamins A and C also are often inadequate. With these preliminary remarks for a background to the Indian diets in general, certain peculiar features pertaining to surveys in each of the states are stated below.

Under the Republican Constitution of India, adopted early in 1950 both types of former political units have been designated as "States".

*Ajmer Merwara*—A diet survey of three famine camps in this Centrally administered area was carried out a few years ago. The only striking feature in the records of this investigation is the amount of wheat consumed per consumption unit.

*Assam*—A survey amongst the tea garden labour in Assam was carried out as early as 1937 and after a lapse of eight years four more surveys were undertaken. Of the six different surveys carried out only two pertain to local agricultural families residing in rural areas and the rest cover families of tea garden and industrial labourers and one residential institution for students. The material available owing to its smallness hardly supplies one with a picture of food habits prevailing in the state. However rice is the popular cereal in the state and mustard oil the cooking fat of choice. In certain rural areas dried fish is also consumed. Lentils red gram black gram and horse gram are the common pulses consumed but the use of the last named is confined to the families in the lowest income groups.

*Bihar*—In the State of Bihar 90 dietary surveys results of which are incorporated in this publication have been carried out during a period of 11 years, from 1938 to 1949, without a break in the operations. It is one of the States where the work has been carried out systematically. With a few exceptions the investigations, which cover 12 out of the 16 districts in Bihar relate to food intake in lower middle class and poorer class families. None of the groups of families in this survey can be considered in any sense as rich but certainly some of the families included could have afforded to pay for all they had needed to balance their diets. The families surveyed were in majority of cases sampled from rural areas and the earners in such families were engaged in agricultural pursuits. Families of industrial workers employed by the Tata Iron and Steel Company at the biggest steel plant in India and families of workers employed in the Jharia coal fields have, however been sampled in appreciable numbers. Chota Nagpur plateau in Bihar is inhabited mainly by aboriginal and semi-aboriginal tribes. Quite a good deal of information has been collected regarding their food habits. Samples of groups of depressed class families living outside the plateau have also been included in the studies. One particular feature of Bihar survey has been that the diets consumed by a large number of the middle and poor class muslim families living in areas where such communities were predominant, have also been investigated. But it may be said in general that the surveys in Bihar have mostly been confined to very poor class families and as such instances are not rare where the total consumption of calories by an average adult barely exceeded 1000-1500 range particularly in the pre world war days of low wages and agricultural prices.

The surveys have definitely revealed that rice is the cereal of choice amongst the people of Bihar irrespective of the income of the different family groups. This is not an un-expected or un-natural finding in view of the fact that Bihar produces sufficient quantity of rice in her riverine alluvial soils. Wheat stands next in the order of popularity. A few other grains such as millets and maize are consumed in appreciable amount during certain parts of the year where such crops are grown. In such tracts even upper middle classes of agricultural families did not exhibit the prejudice against the millets which is not infrequently noticeable even in comparatively poorer families of lower middle class living in towns and cities. The rice consumed consists mainly of the home-pounded parboiled variety.

to the consistency of cooked rice, or into a sort of thick liquid resembling well-cooked porridge or at times boiled in an excess of water and the gruel drunk. Not infrequently millets are cooked as coarse chappatis (unleavened bread) or boiled along with pulses and made into *khicari*. In a survey carried out in a small milk growing tract in Jubbulpore District it was found that after the cream was separated the skimmed milk was thickened into the semi-solid consistency of *khos* over open fire and sold as such. Unlike the practice prevalent in ghee producing families of Bihar skimmed milk was not consumed by the producers themselves. Altogether 20 surveys have been carried out in the State and the operations were mainly confined to cold weather and early hot weather.

The cereals consumed consisted mostly of rice, wheat and jowar depending on the geographical areas of the province. Along with jowar kodo millets, kurthi and maize were also consumed. Any way the surveys show that jowar is consumed as the staple cereal amongst certain groups of population. The poorest classes in the villages, were noticed to consume dry mahua flowers which are boiled and eaten as such in the place of cereals. At times dry mahua flour is made into a dough along with Bengal gram powder and cooked as chappatis. This dietary practice has been noticed in Bihar also but was confined to aboriginals and poorest families. The chief pulses consumed were Bengal gram, lentil, green gram and khesari. Khesari or lathyrus is not only consumed in the usual form of a gruel (*dal*) but also it is ground into flour for cooking of coarse chappatis. Bengal gram flour is similarly mixed with wheat flour for preparation of chappati. The vegetables are consumed in very small quantities and even communities that grow vegetables sell almost whole of their produce to supplement their small income retaining very little of this valuable commodity for their own consumption. Consumption of fruits is almost negligible. Groundnut oil, gingelly oil and sometimes refined linseed oil are used for cooking.

**Coorg**—In Coorg, which is a small centrally administered area a survey of poor class families residing in rural and semi-urban areas was carried out in 1941. Rice was found to be the most popular cereal.

**Delhi**—Food intake of about 50 families residing in a small urban area outside the Capital City and in rural areas of Delhi Administration was investigated in the winter of 1938-39. Since then no other surveys have been made. The results indicate that wheat and jowar are the important cereals in the area and use of rice as staple food in any of the families is almost unknown. Owing to the fact that it is a milk producing tract small amounts of ghee, milk and butter milk are consumed. Consequently the use of vegetable oil, is also very limited.

**East Punjab**—A certain number of diet surveys were carried out in Ferozepur and Kangra Valley during the late thirties. Since then no other detailed surveys have been carried out. Though wheat is undoubtedly the most popular cereal in the State yet intake of rice in appreciable amount has been recorded in a few of the surveys in Kangra Valley. Consumption of milk has been recorded but the amount falls far short of expectation in few of the poor class families in the valley. In Ferozepur district the milk intake is appreciable.

**Madras**—The surveys carried out in the State of Madras were confined mostly to the lower income groups, the results, however help

to form a fairly good picture of the dietary habits of the whole of the territory because the families were sampled from all the districts. Even a few residential institutions have been included within the scope of the investigation. In Madras till the year 1943 the most popular cereal was rice and millets coming next in the order. Consumption of wheat except as a constituent of fashionable dishes in richer homes was practically unknown. An appreciable amount of millets particularly cholam and ragi were and are still being consumed by the people of comparatively poorer classes. It may be noted, in this connexion that there is a wide belt right across the peninsular portion of India beginning from the Bijapur District of Bombay extending over Kolhapur, Mysore and the ceded districts in Madras where cholam or jowar is eaten as the staple cereal. Cholam is ground into flour and then boiled or steamed into small balls or bolus. It was owing to the scarcity of rice caused by stoppage of imports from Burma as a result of Second World War that consumption of wheat in appreciable amounts as a cereal was introduced from 1943 onwards in the State of Madras through Government ration shops and various cooking demonstration centres. The upper social classes in the presidency the Brahmins are by tradition strict vegetarians or lacto-vegetarians whereas the other classes have no objection to flesh foods but owing to the unavailability of such foods the people perforce have to sustain themselves mostly on a vegetarian diet. Along the long coastal belt in the State fish is consumed by the lower social classes. The intake of pulses and vegetables is very low but that of condiments particularly of chillies and tamarind is noticeable. Consumption of milk is almost negligible though with upper middle classes a drink of butter milk, if available, is very popular. Gingelly oil is the popular cooking medium.

**Orissa**—A dietary survey of families sampled from well-to-do group of domiciled Bengalis, labourers and fishermen etc., living in Puri town and from comparatively poor groups of people residing in rural areas, was carried out during early parts of the year 1938. Later on food intake of a large number of families residing in topographically representative areas of the State, was investigated during the years 1940-43. The findings revealed that rice was the main cereal in the diet and coarser varieties of parboiled and homepounded rice was consumed by great majority of people. Fine milled rice and wheat were consumed in small quantities by a small section of the upper middle class and rich families. Other cereals used consisted of different types of millets, maize was occasionally consumed. The popular pulses were green gram, red gram and black gram. Horse gram was used mostly by poorer people and occasionally by middle class people. The non-leafy vegetables consumed consisted of brinjal, plantains, potatoes, colocasia tubers, beans, water lilly roots etc. Consumption of fruits was not a regular feature of the diet although certain amount of mangoes and jack fruits were eaten even by the poorer classes during season of glut. Mustard oil and gingelly oil were popular cooking fats and in hill tracts and forest areas mahua oil and sal oil were used. Groundnut oil was often used for making of sweet meats and savoury dishes. Fish was the most important flesh food consumed though mostly those of the smaller types were eaten. Sugar and jaggery were consumed in very small quantities.

**West Bengal**—A large number of diet surveys were carried out as early as 1938-40 and confined mostly to urban areas covering almost whole of the State. Unfortunately no detailed information could be made available except those of the eleven surveys reported.

*Baroda State*\*—The food intake of a group of 9 families of the agricultural classes residing in rural area of Navsari District in Baroda State was investigated. The cereals quota in the diets consisted of jowar and rice and the pulse used was tur dal or red gram. The cooking fat was groundnut oil and gingelly oil and the vegetables consisted of potatoes, brinjals etc. The families were strictly vegetarian. It has however been recorded by the person in charge of the enquiry that some of the families, in the particular village surveyed, had no objection to flesh foods but were forced to live on a vegetarian diet because eggs, fish, flesh or fowl were not locally available.

*Bhopal State*—In addition to a previous enquiry on the food intake of middle class families a group of 54 families picked up at random from various social classes consisting of high officials, textile workers, teachers, petty traders, unskilled labourers comprised the units for a dietary survey which was carried out in the city of Bhopal in August 1948. The Bhopal investigation differs basically from all the others in that the record of food intake was not made by weightment method. The details were collected by questioning the family members. According to the report wheat is the most popular cereal in the city. Lentils, green gram and red gram are the popular pulses. Vegetable oils did not find much favour and ghee was used as cooking fat in very small amounts along with vanaspati or hardened vegetable oil. Even in the small sample of families surveyed 7% did not consume any flesh food and ate vegetarian food not through any prejudice but by force of circumstances. The rationed quota of the cereal during enquiry was found to consist of an admixture of wheat, Bengal gram and jowar each 25%, lentil 18.7% and rice 6.3%.

*Hyderabad State*—Food intake of about 2,000 families has been surveyed in 20 urban and 128 rural areas of Hyderabad State. This survey has been carried out in areas where rationing was not in force. It may be noted here that rice is the most popular cereal in north eastern and southern portion of the State whereas jowar (cholam) is the staple cereal in the rest of it. A small amount of marua or ragi is also consumed. In the jowar eating areas a certain amount of wheat flour is also consumed.

The chief varieties of pulses taken are red gram and Bengal gram whilst a certain amount of vegetables such as amaranth, fenugreek, roselle, radish, carrot, and vegetable marrow are consumed. Groundnut oil and gingelly oil are the popular cooking fats. The amount of animal food taken is negligible and milk is hardly ever used. In both the cholam and rice eating areas other than the staple cereals the composition of the diet does not vary. The structure of diets shown is fairly representative of the State as a whole and the families surveyed include small scale cultivators, families residing in rural areas and those of certain sections of urban population following different vocations in life.

*Kashmir State*—A survey of a few poor class families in and around Srinagar was carried out in the autumn 1938. Rice is the most popular cereal both with the Hindus and Muslims. The results do not show any consumption of ghee but that of vegetable oil as cooking medium.

All the States previously ruled by Feudatory Chiefs have now merged into the Indian Union. Baroda State is now included into that of Bombay.

*Mysore State*—So far only two surveys comprising of groups of small cultivators families have been carried out in Mysore State in the year 1938. In this particular survey *ragi* or *marua* was found to be the most popular cereal consumed

*Tehri-Garhwal State*—This State has now merged in Uttar-Pradesh. Some years ago an enquiry into the food intake of 40 families residing in rural areas was carried out. Rice and wheat seem to be most popular cereal in the different parts of the State

*Travancore State*—The first survey in this State was carried out in 1939 and the investigation was confined only to 10 families of small cultivators. Subsequently food intake in 279 families was investigated during May to June 1946. The families were selected from different economic groups ranging from families having a monthly income from Rs. 50/ to those earning Rs. 200. A few of industrial workers families were also sampled. Rice is undoubtedly the most popular cereal and the average intake of pulses is about an ounce per head per day. Very little amount of ghee was used and the popular cooking medium is coconut oil. Flesh foods consist mostly of fish and there is evidence of certain amount of milk intake rising with the income of the family. The poorer class of people in this area supplement their cereal foods with the tuber tapioca and some times it replaces almost completely the cereal quota in the diet. This tuber is also made into various forms of curry

#### CLASSES OF FOODSTUFFS

A brief account of the characteristic features of dietary habits noticed during the surveys in different parts of India has been briefly enumerated in the preceding paragraphs. It is, however felt that short notes on each of the items under which the intake of foodstuffs have been classified may be helpful in a further clarification of the data presented

*Cereals*—It is evident to any casual observer that cereals constitute a major part of the diet in almost all the families surveyed, and this is true of the Indian dietary as a whole. The cereals contribute as much as 70 to 90 percent of the calories in the diet. The most popular cereal in India is of course, rice and next to it comes jowar or the great millet and wheat occupies the third place. This order of intake is found to coincide with the figures for internal production of each of the three crops. Since the time that import of wheat in increasingly large quantities was started in order to ward off cereal deficiency necessitated by stoppage of rice import from Burma, the consumption of wheat has certainly increased and it would be difficult to make any reliable estimate whether at the present day wheat or the millets occupy the second place as far as the respective magnitude of their total consumption in the Indian diet is concerned. Of the total amount of rice consumed in India a large proportion is of the parboiled type. In certain regions and amongst a few communities raw milled rice is preferred and eaten. Such a practice can be traced to either social or religious prejudices against parboiled rice. Paddy is either parboiled in large scale in the mills or in small quantities by the consumers themselves in their homes. Parboiled rice is a popular article of diet in Assam, West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, coastal regions of Bombay and in the west coast and Tamil Nad (mostly with non Brahmins) in Madras. The cooking of rice is deemed as an art by the

housewives in certain communities and in others rice is cooked without any special care or effort. Ordinarily the water in which rice has been cooked is thrown away but amongst certain groups of population the rice water is not rejected. Cooking of rice into discrete and soft grains without throwing away the water in which it was boiled is a culinary art and actually practised by the families of certain communities. Amongst the aboriginals the semi-aboriginals and certain sections of poor class people rice is cooked more or less as sloppy meal and eaten with apparent relish. Wheat flour is made into unleavened bread or chappati. Chappatis are more popular in the northern portion of India than in the south and those who can afford the cost, smear hot chappatis with ghee before eating them.

The various types of millets, besides jowar or cholam consumed in this country are bajra (*Pennisetum typhoideum*) marua or ragi (*Elousine coracana*) barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) Italian millet (*Setaria italica*) kutu or kutki (*Fagopyrum esculentum*) kodo (*Paspalum scrobiculatum*) sanwa (*Panicum miliare*) etc. Of these the first two are more in use than the rest, though certain amount of each is used as food in one part of the country or the other. Ordinarily the millets are either boiled to the consistency of porridge or else ground to flour for making chappatis. Sometimes millet flour is mixed with flours of one of the pulses to make into mixed chappatis. Amongst the millets the great jowar or cholam and small millet bajra are more popular than ragi or marua which is considered as poor man's food. Special mention may be made about Bhakar which is nothing other than thick chappatis made out of jowar flour or jowar and bajra, not rolled on pastry board but flattened with the pressure of palm on a hard surface or between the palms of the hands and baked either on a girdle pan or over direct log wood fire. In certain parts of the country maize is grown and consumed in the form of maize flour chappati. Dietary survey records have revealed that kutu, sanwa and kodo millets are also eaten but its use is confined to a small section of the population. In India all the millets grown are used both as food and fodder.

**Pulses**—It is evident from the record of the surveys that people in Northern India consume pulses in larger quantities than people in the South. It is very difficult to estimate the comparative popularity or figures for relative consumption of different pulses in any one State. Bengal gram red gram black gram green gram, lentils and lathyrus are used in appreciably large amounts. In a small percentage of the families surveyed horse gram and cowpeas were found to be used as pulses. The pulses are ordinarily consumed in the form of a thick or thin gruel depending on the taste and food habits of the consumers. Some of pulse grains are often cooked in different kind of dishes, mainly as snacks. Bengal gram however has been found to be consumed either soaked, boiled or parched. Bengal gram flours prepared either from raw grains or from parched grains are used extensively the former being known as besan and the latter as sattu. From the figures available it appears that the daily intake of pulses per consumption unit may vary from less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. to about a little more than 4 ozs. depending on the localities in which the families have been sampled. The protein from the pulses and the cereals constitute about 80% of the total protein intake of the population surveyed.

**Vegetables**—The intake of vegetables is very low as can be seen from the figures, and the average intake even in the same group of fami

lies varies from season to season. This variability can be ascribed mainly to seasonal fluctuations in availability of different vegetables and the fluctuating price factor. For example with a popular vegetable like potato the price during scarcity seasons may be four times as much as that during the season of abundant supply. It has not been possible to calculate what percentage of the total vegetables consumed comprise of leafy vegetables, root vegetables and other vegetables but from the figures of intake it is noticed that in the majority of families of lower income group vegetables are more or less used as adjuvant possibly to swallow mouthful of cooked cereals and pulses.

**Fats and Oils**—The average intake of fats and oils is very low. The use of butter as spread on baked loaf or on unleavened bread or on chappatis is confined to upper middle class families. Visible fats in the Indian dietary are used mainly for cooking. As a general rule animal fats are not used as a cooking medium with the notable exception of butter fat, commonly known as ghee. Very few of the investigators have recorded separately the intake of ghee and vegetable oil because the amount of ghee intake in majority of the families is insignificant as compared to the intake of vegetable oil. Wherever individual figures for intake of ghee and vegetable oils were available they have been separately shown in the tables. Vegetable oils, of course, are used for cooking purposes and are rarely consumed in raw state except in chutneys, condiments etc. With the introduction of hydrogenated vegetable fat it has been noticed that the same is used as a spread over chappatis in a few of the comparatively well to-do families but certainly such a practice cannot be accepted as either popular or uniform. Of the vegetable oil, use of mustard oil has been found to be popular in Bengal, Assam, Orissa, Bihar and eastern portion of Uttar Pradesh. Groundnut oil is popular over large areas where this nut is extensively cultivated. Gingelly or sesame oil is more popular in Madras State than anywhere else. The consumption of cocoanut oil is restricted to the west coast of the peninsula from Goa to the southern most point. In certain parts of Central Provinces (Madhya Pradesh) purified linseed oil is also used as a cooking medium.

**Flesh Foods**—The consumption of flesh foods is so low that it hardly deserves a special mention. The information contained in the tables, however, should not be interpreted to mean that all the groups of families, for which intake of flesh foods have not been recorded, are vegetarians. On account of dearth of supply and non availability of either meat, fish, eggs or fowl and poultry many non vegetarians are compelled more by circumstances than by inclination or instinct, to practice vegetarianism. Of the flesh foods, fish is certainly the most popular item over large tracts of the country. Special mention may be made, in this connexion, of the coastal belts, inland territories such as Assam, Bengal, Orissa and Bihar. Certain amount of dried fish is also eaten which, however, is not a very popular item of food even in families which consume flesh foods regularly. Low intake of dried fish is not as much due to its unavailability as to its lack of popularity. Consequently quite an appreciable amount of dried fish is exported abroad from some areas of the coastal belt of India. In Muslim families surveyed beef was found to be the most popular meat, being cheaper than any of the others. Amongst the different types of meat consumed goat's meat is certainly the most popular one over the whole of the country. Consumption of meat, other than that of goat or beef is very little. Poultry keeping as a profession is confined to limited areas of the country. Poorer classes



of aboriginal, semi aboriginal or muslim or christian families maintain poultry mostly for eggs. Poultry and eggs on account of their high prices and scarcity were never popular as non vegetarian foods. The average figures for daily consumption of flesh food per consumption unit, given in the appended tables do not indicate the size of intake either in the families or for any of the days, because this food has been consumed during the survey by a certain percentage of the families in the group and that also on certain days only. Thus a calculation of the average has reduced the quantity of actual intake per caput, beyond recognition.

*Milk and milk products*—Milk is certainly the most popular item of diet all over the country but unfortunately there is not enough of this precious commodity produced to go round. The intake of fresh whole milk as a drink in the lower middle class and poor class families is almost unknown. Even the producers do not retain enough milk for the consumption of their family members. Next to milk, dahi or curd is a very favourite item in the diet but prices of the curd and milk are usually beyond the reach of most of the families except as occasional luxuries in greater part of the country. It is a common practice in ordinary Indian homes to dilute the curd into drinks so that a small quantity of this valuable food may be partaken by a very large number. In certain parts of India milk is either curdled into *chhena* or thickened into *khoa* for the preparation of popular sweets. Partly thickened milk known as *malai* is also sold in the market in some parts of the country and consumed by middle and lower class people as luxuries on festive occasions.

*Condiments*—This group of foodstuffs include spices such as turmeric, coriander rape seeds or rye, fenugreek seeds, chillies, black peppers and to a very small extent cloves, cardamum and even onion, garlic and tamarind. Except in a few aboriginal families surveyed where even cooking fat was not used, condiments are used to a very great extent all over the country probably because they can make the dishes attractive by improving the taste flavour and colour. Quite a good deal has been said by foreigners about the virtues and vices, more of the latter than of the former of hot curries, but the condiments used for making of curries contribute, howsoever little, their quota of minerals and vitamins in the curry and pulse gruel. Pickles, chutneys and achara are consumed in small quantities all over the country and they also have been included under this item.

*Sugar and Jaggery*—The intake of saccharine material has been found to increase with the increase in income. Jaggery or *gurh* is evidently consumed more by the poorer class families and sugar by the upper classes. This was the position before the Second World War but with the onset of food shortage and introduction of rationing, the intake of sugar has been very much restricted. Consequently surveys carried out after 1942 give no definite indication as to the trend of the dietary habits as far as this particular foodstuff is concerned. *Gurh* or jaggery however has been and continues to be an unrationed article. But the advantage of jaggery not being rationed has been offset by increase in prices.

*Fruits and Nuts*—Fruits and nuts are one of the items which are very much in short supply and as such the intake of this item is ordinarily negligible. In some of the surveys it may be noticed that an appreciable

amount of intake of fruits has been recorded. Possibly the survey period coincided with the glut in the market of any particular fruit in that locality. Mango, jack fruit, guava, jambo, plums, cucumbers, cucurbitous melons, water melons and bananas are some of the common fruits consumed during their respective seasons.

## STRUCTURE OF DIETS

Amongst the poorer classes, who constitute about 80 percent or more of the total population in the country the basic diet structure is practically similar. The main variation is seen in the type of cereals used. Whatever minor variations have been observed during the surveys are due to slightly different conditions in the localities in which the surveys were carried out. It is very difficult to divide India into well demarcated zones on the basis of dietary habits alone. The surveys, however, lend certain amount of support to the prevalent belief that there are probably four types of zonal diets, rice diet in east, north-east and south, wheat diet in north-west and millet diet in west and in central parts of India and mixed cereal diets intervening in between and extending all over the Union. A large majority of the population in millet tracts depends on mixed cereal diets consisting of either rice and millets or wheat and millets. In certain parts of Bihar and Uttar Pradesh people take a combined rice and wheat diets. This is true for certain areas of Bombay State also. It has been noticed that with the increase in income the intake of fats and oils, sugar and milk and milk products increase. This is not always true of vegetables though there is a tendency to increased intake within certain limits. As a result of increase in the non-cereal quota in the diet the intake of cereals show a trend in negative correlation with the income, but this phenomenon could not be confirmed amongst some of the industrial groups of families surveyed. Probably increased intake of cereals amongst industrial population was necessitated by an enhanced demand for calories. With larger samples, however, a firmer trend in the correlation can possibly be expected. The broad fact should not be missed or ignored that pulses, vegetables and flesh foods are the three items which may yield variable values when the nutrient value of each diet is calculated. As far as pulses go most of them possess more or less similar nutrient composition and so this group is not likely to cause any appreciable swing in the nutritional value of diet even if calculated by different persons with dissimilar presumptions regarding the constitution of the pulse quota. We may afford to ignore the variability of the flesh-foods quota owing to the extreme smallness of its size. But vegetables which cover the largest number of items may cause real swings in nutritional values if for example gourd or vegetable marrow is replaced by amaranth or potatoes during calculations by different computers.

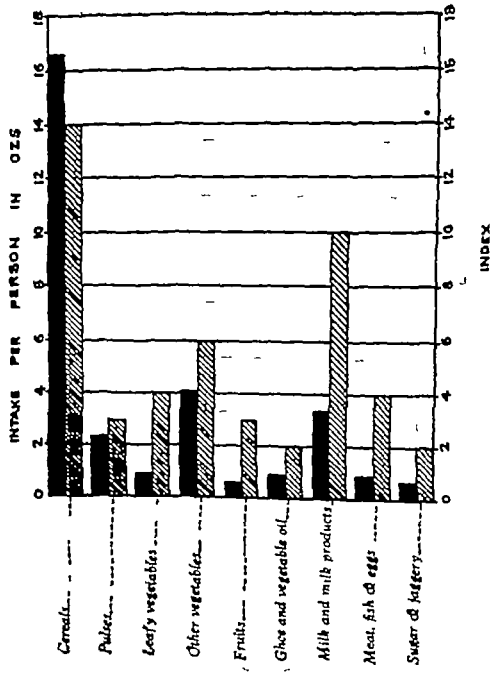
The total caloric value of none of the diets have been shown in the table for reasons discussed earlier in the text in connexion with the nutrient composition. The average calorie value for the majority of diets included in tables range between 2,000 and 3,000 though in an appreciable number of family groups it is below 2,000 and in a few it falls even below 1,500. On the other hand in an equally appreciable number of family groups, the calorie value has been reckoned at more than 3,000 and even beyond 3,500 in a few instances. A consideration of calorie values based on the weight of raw food brings in its trail an important question what should be the magnitude of kitchen waste and

- (a) those not consuming any particular foodstuff,
- (b) those consuming particular foodstuffs but with the average intake being below the desired level, and
- (c) those consuming particular foodstuffs upto the desired level or above.

It appears that two-thirds of the families did not consume any fruits and nuts at all. About one third of the families did not consume sugar and jaggery or meat, fish or flesh foods, and a quarter of the family groups did not consume milk and milk products or leafy vegetables. Again amongst the groups of families consuming particular foodstuffs, the intake of leafy vegetables, other vegetables, ghee and vegetable oil, and pulses was below the desired or recommended level. Only in about one fifth of the groups of families surveyed was the intake of pulses and other vegetables up to the recommended level. Though any generalisation on the data presented is not desirable for reasons more than one, yet it may be stated that in about four fifths of the families surveyed the intake of protective foods was either full or below standard.

#### SOURCE OF INFORMATION

The records pertaining to the results of Diet Surveys presented in this volume have been obtained mostly from the Health Directorates on the different States and from other nutrition workers. Some of the surveys have been published in the scientific journals and a reference to such journals has been made in the list below. The results of the surveys incorporated in this report include all investigations carried out up to and including October 1948.



#### KASHMIR

Wilson, D C & Widdowson, E.M. (1942) Ind J Med. Res. Mem. No 34  
(Survey No 2)

#### PUNJAB

Ahmad & Gore (1938) Ind J Med. Res., 26, p 155  
(Survey Nos. 1 2, 3, 4 & 11)

Punjab Public Health Department—Report on an Inquiry into the State  
of Nutrition and Health in Kangra Valley 1939  
(Survey Nos. 7 8 9 10)

Wilson, D C & Widdowson, E.M. (1942) Ind J Med. Res. Mem. No 34  
(Survey Nos. 12, 13)

#### HYDERABAD

Wilson, D C & Widdowson, E.M. (1942) Ind J Med. Res. Mem. No 34  
(Survey No 11)

Davar & Ahmad (1942) ibid 30 p 581  
(Survey Nos. 19 20 21, 22, 23 24)

#### TRAVANCORE

Krishnan, B G (1939) Ind. J Med. Res., 26 p 901  
(Survey No 34)

#### DELHI STATE

Shourie K.L. (1939) Ind. J Med. Res. 26, p 907  
(Survey Nos. 1, 2, 3)

#### COORG

Bhave P.D & Bopaiya, M.S., (1942) Ind. J Med Res. 30 p 53  
(Survey No 1)

# GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Barley	=	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>
Bayre or cambu	=	<i>Pennisetum typhoideum</i>
Cholam or Jowar	=	Great millet or <i>Sorghum vulgare</i>
Cowpeas	=	<i>Vigna catiung</i>
Khichri	=	Rice and pulse cooked together
Kodo millets	=	<i>Paspalum scrobiculatum</i>
Mahua	=	<i>Bassia latifolia</i>
Maize (tender)	=	<i>Zea mays</i>
Millets (Italian)	=	<i>Setaria italica</i>
Ragi or Marua	=	<i>Eleusine coracana</i>
Rice	=	<i>Oryza sativa</i>
Sanwa millet	=	<i>Panicum crusgalli</i> var <i>fruman taceum</i> .
Tapioca	=	<i>Manihot utilisima</i>
Wheat	=	<i>Triticum vulgare</i>
Sattu	=	Parched and powdered barley gram or pea
Bengal gram	=	<i>Cicer arietinum</i>
Black gram (Und)	=	<i>Phaseolus mungo</i>
Green gram (Moong)	=	<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>
Red gram (Rahar)	=	<i>Cajanus indicus</i>
Horse gram or kuthi	=	<i>Dolichos biflorus</i>
Lathyrus (Khesari)	=	<i>Lathyrus sativa</i>
Lentils (masoor)	=	<i>Lens esculenta</i>
Amaranth	=	<i>Amaranthus gangeticus</i>
Brinjal	=	<i>Solanum melongena</i>
Colocasia (tuber)	=	<i>Colocasia antiquorum</i>
Cucumber	=	<i>Cucumis Sativus</i>
Plantains	=	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>
Peas	=	<i>Pisum sativum</i>
Reddish carrot	=	<i>Daucus carota</i>
Roselle	=	<i>Hibiscus sabdariffa</i>
Sweet potato	=	<i>Ipomoea batatas</i> .
Vegetable marrow	=	<i>Cucubita pepo</i>
Groundnut	=	<i>Arachis hypogea</i>
Gingelly seeds	=	<i>Sesamum indicum</i>
Linseed	=	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>
Mustard seeds	=	<i>Barassica juncea</i>
Chhena	=	Heat curdled milk
Khoa	=	Oven dried milk.
Malai	=	Thickened milk; cream
Black peppers (dry)	=	<i>Pipper nigrum</i>

Cardamom	=	<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i>
Chillies green	=	<i>Capsicum annum</i>
Chillies (dry)	=	-do-
Chutneys	=	Sweet and sour pickled or preserved fruits.
Cloves	=	<i>Eugenia caryophyllata</i>
Coriander	=	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i>
Fenugreek (seeds)	=	<i>Trigonella foenumgraecum</i>
Garlic	=	<i>Allium sativum</i>
Onion	=	<i>Allium cepa</i>
Turmeric	=	<i>Curcuma longa</i>
Tamarind	=	<i>Tarmandus indicus</i>
Banana	=	<i>Musa sapientum</i>
Guava (country)	=	<i>Psidium guyava</i>
Jack fruit	=	<i>Artocarpus integrifolia</i>
Jambo	=	<i>Eugenia jambos</i>
Mango	=	<i>Mangifera indica</i>
Water mellons	=	<i>Citrullus vulgaris</i>
Water chestnut	=	<i>Trapa bispinosa</i>

#### ABBREVIATION

1. Poor Ag. Lab. Class.	=	Poor Agricultural Labour Class
2. M.I.	=	Monthly Income.
3. Abor Ag.	=	Aboriginals Agriculturists.
4. Ct. M. Workers.	=	Cotton Mill workers.
5. Sl. Hostel.	=	School Hostel.
6. Mid. Class Log. & B House.	=	Middle Class Lodging and Boarding House.
7. Cons.	=	Consumption.
8. G.B.H.	=	Girls Boarding House
9. B.B.H.	=	Boys Boarding House
10. G.B.S.	=	Girls Boarding School.
11. B.B.S.	=	Boys Boarding School.
12. G.T.S.	=	Girls Training School.
13. C U	=	Consumption Unit.

# DIET SURVEY

## AJMER MERWARA

State	AJMER MERWARA		
District	Ajmer		
Locality			
Survey No.	1	2	3
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	24	19	23
No. of persons	127	99	114
No. of days of survey	7	7	7
Season	"	"	"
Economic Status etc.	Family Camp at Gagai	Family Camp at Jawaia	Family Camp at Bijaina

### FOODSTUFF OZs. per consumption unit per day

	(mainly wheat) 29.8	(mainly wheat) 30.3	(mainly wheat) 30.1
Rice			
Wheat			
Milletts			
Other Cereals			
Pulses	0.5	0.6	0.8
Leafy vegetables			
Other vegetables	0.8	0.6	0.8
Fruits			
Ghee & vegetable oil			
Milk and milk products		0.03	
Meat, fish, eggs,		1.5	
Sugar and Jaggery			
Condiments			



State	Nowgang					
District	Kamrup					
Locality	Polashan					
Survey No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural
No. of families	6	4	12	One mass	37	35
No. of persons	13	30	93	110	21	21
No. of days of Survey	8 days for each family	8 days for each family	7 days for each family	7 days only		
Season	March 1948	March 1948	June 1947	Last week of Jan. and 1st week of Feb 1948	Industrial lab. earning Rs. 8/- to 10/ p.m.	Tea Plantation labourers.
Economic status etc	Tea garden lab. works 6 days a week, Rs. 3/ to 5/ a week	Cultivators of Paddy and vegetables, earning Rs. 20/ to 40/ p.m.	Income varies from Rs. 60/ to Rs. 120/ Income varies in different seasons	Student of the cotton college Monthly mess dues for 2 meals and 2 tiffins is Rs. 30/		

## FOODSTUFF Oza, per consumption unit per day

	22-8	19-9	16-5	18-8	19-0	19-4
Rice	..	..	0-57	2.2		..
Wheat	1-0					0.9
Millet	1-4		2-41	4-03	1-0	0.8
Other cereals	1-0	1-7	3-48		0-2	4-4
Pulses	..	..	2-19	15.1	3-4	..
Leafy vegetables	..	..	2-14			0-3
Other vegetables	..	..	1-0	1.5	0-3	..
Fruits	0-42		1-91	0-91	0-5	0-7
Gibre and vegetable oil	..	1.37	1-4	3-0	0-2	..
Milk and milk products	0-63		0-95	0-92		..
Meat, fish, eggs	0-03		0-37	0-45		..
Sugar and jelly	0-52					..
Confitments						..

# BIHAR

State

District

Local ty

Survey No.

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Season

Economic status etc.

Patna

Patna

1

62 hostels.  
1238  
10

Nov Dec. '37

Students.  
Monthly  
charges  
Rs. 9/8/  
to Rs. 11/3/

2

Urban  
104  
877  
5

Mar Apr. 44

Poor  
Muslim  
families.

3

Rural  
81  
720  
10

Sep. 45

High Class Hindu families  
practising agriculture.

4

Rural  
70  
633  
10

July Aug. 45

July Aug. 1946

September Dec. 47

5

Rural  
10  
88  
10

July August, 1946

Sarmara

6

Rural  
31  
157  
10

7

Rural  
25  
135  
10

8

Rural  
25  
168  
10

9

Rural  
25  
168  
10

10

Rural  
25  
168  
10

11

Rural  
25  
168  
10

12

Rural  
25  
168  
10

13

Rural  
25  
168  
10

14

Rural  
25  
168  
10

15

Rural  
25  
168  
10

16

Rural  
25  
168  
10

17

Rural  
25  
168  
10

18

Rural  
25  
168  
10

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice

Wheat

Millers

Other cereals

Pulses

Leafy vegetables

Other vegetables

Fruits

Ghee and vegetable oil

Milk and milk products

Meat, fish, eggs

Sugar and Jaggery

Condiments

161

38

18

150

02

23

32

20

0

0

0

0

0

190

41

06

55

07

13

17

09

0

0

0

0

0

288

49

121

011

10

1126

058

062

0

0

0

0

0

2379

58

01

63

035

08

937

186

094

0

0

0

0

3001

574

01

24

01

1333

002

16

0

0

0

0

0

1802

643

004

16

12

03

031

01

087

031

0

0

0

2183

688

25

074

01

031

087

031

0

0

0

0

0

2617

301

25

115

0

0

004

007

0

0

0

0

0

# Diet Survey

## BIHAR

### Patna

District	Patna	Bihar and Palganj	Semra	Sikandara
Locality	Patna	Bihar and Palganj	Semra	Sikandara
Survey No.	9	10	11	12
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	120	9	20	25
No. of persons	10	55	91	150
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10
Season	July Aug. 46	July Aug. 46	July Aug. 1946	May June, 1948
Economic status etc.	Upper Middle class income /8/ per c.u.	Poor Ag. Lab. Class practicing small hand work.	Poor Hindu families.	(resurvey) Poor families.

### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	18	19.59	13.44	14.60	17.53	7.69	12.66
Wheat	4.1	3.4	2.9	14.94	11.61	8.42	9.05
Millet	1.2	0.07	0.03	1.62	0.69	0.63	0.49
Other cereals	5.9	2.45	1.33	1.19	1.79	0.99	0.88
Pulses	0.6	0.18	0.15	0.28	1.51	0.94	0.26
Leafy vegetables	1.8	0.18	0.15	0.20	0.47	0.12	0.08
Other vegetables	4.1	0.01	0.52	0.41	1.92	0.27	0.07
Fruits	3.7	0.01	0.48	0.72	1.41	0.19	0.69
Grease and vegetable oil	0.6	1.93	0.54	1.19	1.71	0.67	0.76
Milk and milk products	0.6	1.93	0.54	1.19	1.71	0.67	0.76
Meat, fish, eggs	0.6	1.93	0.54	1.19	1.71	0.67	0.76
Sugar and jaggery	1.8	1.93	0.54	1.19	1.71	0.67	0.76
Condiments	1.8	1.93	0.54	1.19	1.71	0.67	0.76

### Diet Survey

BIHAR

State

District

Locality

Bempatti Khajauli

Darbhanga

Madhepur

Palamau

Daltonganj

Survey No.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of Survey

Rural  
144  
783  
10

Rural  
24  
104  
10

Rural  
100  
666  
10

Rural  
22  
102  
10

Rural  
25  
136  
10

Rural  
25  
121  
10

Rural  
25  
170  
10

Rural  
25  
119  
10

Season

Apr. July 43

May June, 47

May June 47

May June, 47

Sept. 46

Sept. 46

April May 47

April & May 1947

Economic status etc.

High Class Hindu families practising agri. culture and small trade.

Shahi families practising agri. culture and small trade.

Poor pathans cultivators daily income 2.6 as per cu.

Poor Ag. lab. getting wages in grain.

Poor Agr. labourers getting 3 to 4 seers of corn per audit.

Abor lab.

Abor Dhanger families prac. riding agricul. ture.

Abor Bhavian families mainly labourers.

FOODSTUFF Ons. per consumption units per day

Rice

18-0

19-20

16-4

8-67

19-08

16-3

15-78

11-51

Wheat

6-69

3-84

5-3

9-99

1-60

0-44

13-93

12-92

Millet

0-77

1-5

0-2

1-94

0-02

0-18

1-09

1-05

Other cereals

3-5

1-7

6-4

1-79

2-3

4-3

1-1

..

Green vegetables

10-71

1-1

0-3

..

..

..

0-71

..

Other vegetables

0-12

0-28

1-2

2-41

0-18

0-24

..

..

Fruit and vegetable oil

2-14

0-45

1-6

2-39

..

..

1-4

5-5

Milk and milk products

0-15

1-56

0-1

0-24

..

..

0-74

0-57

Sugar and Jaggery

0-14

0-86

0-5

..

..

..

..

..

Condiments

0-14

0-86

0-5

..

..

..

..

..

## Medicolegal

# BIHAR 1

Manbhum

Hamnabagh

Hazanabagh

Fields

Coal

Jharria

Urban

Urban

Urban

Urban

Urban

Urban

Survey No. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Urban 37  
260  
10

Urban 41  
222  
10

Urban 42  
210  
10

Urban 74  
284  
10

Urban 26  
5  
3

Urban 59  
1005  
3

October November 43. October 1943

January 1940

December 1939

Apr.—Oct. 46

Students of re-  
formatory School  
No. of persons  
between Rs 9/8/-  
& 11/8/-

Students of re-  
formatory School  
No. of persons  
between Rs 9/8/-  
& 11/8/-

Economic status etc.

Mine Work—  
ers income  
Rs 50/ and  
above.

Mine Work—  
ers income  
Rs 30/ to  
Rs 50/ p.m.

Mine Work—  
ers income  
Rs 15/ to  
Rs 30/ p.m.

Mine Work—  
ers income  
less than  
Rs 15/

A re-survey of survey Nos. 25 to 28 was under  
taken to see the effect of rise in prices and  
scarcity of Foodstuffs.

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice

Wheat

Miller

Other cereals

Pulses

Leafy vegetables

Other vegetables

Fruits

Ghee and vegetable oil

Milk and milk products

Meat, fish, eggs.

Sugar and Jaggery

Condiments

3-81

13  
123  
11

008  
026  
034  
030  
0018

69

228

274

236

2373

2179

2109

282  
142  
498

159  
266  
065

038  
035

Negligible.



# BIHAR

State

District	Manbhum		Singhbhum					
Locality	Jhalda		Jamahedpur					
Survey No.	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	
No. of families	88	75	27	110	35	19	13	
No. of persons	416	458	115	479	177	116	73	
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	15	15	15	15	
Seasons	During Summer and Rainy seasons, 1941				U	L	Y	1938
Economic status etc.	Ag. Lab. Income 124 annas per day	Income as 0.78 per c.u. per day	Ag. Lab. Income annas 234 per day	Industrial workers				Income over Rs. 90/ p.m.
		Agriculturists		Ra. 30/ p.m.	Ra. 45/ p.m.	Ra. 90/ p.m.		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	22.7	20.7	23.5	23.9	24.4	22.1	21.0
Wheat	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.4	3.1	3.8	3.4
Milletts	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.0	0.3	0.1
Other cereals	0.4	0.2	0.6	2.3	2.7	5.5	6.2
Pulses				0.1	0.3	0.9	0.9
Leafy vegetables				0.5	0.8	1.3	1.8
Other vegetables				0.6	1.4	2.6	5.7
Fruits	0.04	0.03	0.1	0.5	0.7	1.3	1.6
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.12	0.14	0.1	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Milk and milk products	0.06	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.8
Meat, fish, eggs				0.7	1.0	1.6	1.6
Sugar and Jaggery							
Condiments	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.7	1.0	1.6	1.6

Negligible

# BIHAR

District	Singbhum									
Locality	Chakardharpur and Jagathpur					Chakardharpur and Jagathpur				
Survey No.	43	49	50	51	52	53	54			
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural		
No. of families	91	121	26	12	24	24	24	24		
No. of persons	509	605	104	53	508	508	508	508		
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	13	5	5	5	5		
Season	November 1940 to April 1941					S e p t e m b e r 1 9 4 3				
Economic status etc.	less than Rs. 30/ p.a.	How abundant is : Income Rs. 30/ to 60/-Rs.60/ to 90/ p.a. p.a. practising agriculture			A resurvey of survey Nos. 43-51 was undertaken to study the effect of rise in prices and shortage of foodstuffs.					

## FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

Rice	17.8	19.5	21.2	23.0	12.46	9.39	10.62	11.44		
Wheat	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.97	3.81	0.16	1.03		
Millet	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.9	0.94	1.35	1.20	0.71		
Other cereals	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.22	0.39	0.10	0.10		
Pulses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Leafy vegetables	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Other vegetables	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Fruits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Glue and vegetable oil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Milk and milk products	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Meat, fish, eggs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Sugar and Jaggery	0.1	..	..	..	0.61	..	..	0.1		
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

\*Negligible



# Diet Survey

## BIHAR

State

District

Santal Parganas

Locality

Gomohar  
Boropahar  
Chomadin  
Amuljwala

Mahulbana

Kumbhira  
Amrapara

Mahulbana  
Amul

Bhaga

Jalkuri  
Chocapa  
Khara  
Siddhiat

Survey No.

56

59

60

61

62

63

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Rural

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

Season

October 1938 to March 1939

Oct. & Nov 1943

Economic status etc.

Aboriginal Tribes Practising Agriculture.

A resurvey Aboriginals  
practising Agriculture.

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice

Wheat

Millet

Other cereals

Pulses

Leafy vegetables

Other vegetables

Fruits

Ghee and vegetable oil

Milk and milk products

Meat, fish, eggs

Sugar and Jaggery

Condiments

162

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162

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# Diet Survey

## BIHAR

### Santbal Parganas

Locality								
Survey No.	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	23	23	23	7	25	25	17	17
No. of persons	1670	1670	26	26	461	461	117	117
No. of days of survey	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Season	October & November 1943				October 1943			
Economic status etc.	Of survey Nos. 56 — 61 was undertaken to study the effects of rise in prices and scarcity of foodstuffs. Aborigines practicing agriculture. Palharis Ab tribes.							

### (1) FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	14.12	18.90	24.30	11.30	15.79	20.20	7.40	5.27
Wheat								
Millers								
Other cereals								
Pulses	1.18	0.32	0.15	0.15	0.26	0.64	1.74	0.84
Leafy vegetables		1.1	3.72	2.30	0.24	0.01	0.26	0.72
Other vegetables		0.22	0.13	0.38	1.04	2.44		
Fruits								
Grass and vegetable oil								
Milk and milk products			0.07		0.06	0.15		
Meat, fish, eggs		0.1			0.62	0.23		
Sugar and Jaggery								
Condiments					1.04	0.12		

Negligible

## BIHAR

District	Santhal Pargana	Gaya				Ranchi		Saran
Locality		Gaya District	Ghoshal	Jehanabad	Khunti	Kuru & Ghaghra	Ekma	
Survey No.	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of persons No. of days of Survey	Rural 81 308 10	Rural 143 1124 10	Rural 20 10	Rural 60 248 10	Rural 146 1076 "	Rural 71 375	Rural 120 619	Rural 80 62 "
	March '38, Oct. Nov. Dec. 1943		Dec. 42	Dec. 42	Aug.-Sept. 44	June-July 44	April-May 46	
	Poor weavers & cultivators income 17 aa. per c. u. per day	Lower middle class labour income as 52 per c. u. per diem.	Middle class Muslims income 7.5 aa. per diem per c. u.	Poor Ag. Lab. getting daily wages in grain	High class Hindu families practising agriculture.	Poor Ag. Lab.	Poor Ag. Lab.	Rajput families possessing their own field practising agri. culture.
Economic status etc.								

## FOODSTUFF Ora. per consumption unit per day

	202	200	232	186	235	262	161	2185
Rice								
Wheat	07	60	62	04	42	12	01	665
Milllets	03	07	07	24	090	17	13	024
Other cereals	12	35	47	18	56	224	004	299
Pulses		02	01		005	009		008
Leafy vegetables		08	09		05			053
Other vegetables		33	43		77			533
Fruits	02	04	15	06	002	004		005
Ghee and vegetable oil	04	17			017	011		013
Milk and milk products	05							
Meat, fish, eggs		04						
Sugar and Jaggery		11				0002	001	067
Condiments	03		12		015			

## Diet Survey

**BIHAR**

District	Saran	Purnea	Shahabad
Locality	Purnea	Purnea	Shahabad
Survey No.	80	82	84
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	30	60	55
No. of persons	231	10 days	318
No. of days of survey	10 days	10 days	10 days
Season	October '39	Nov 39—Feb. Mar 43	Feb. Mar 43—June July 41
Economic status etc.	Rajput families possessing fields practising agriculture	Poor cultivators 37 as per diem per cu.	Cultivators Income as 37 per cu. per day
	Upper middle class income 92 as per diem per cu.		Lower Middle Class income 52 as per cu. per diem

FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

	24.72	22.3	22.6	23.8	18.6
Rice					
Wheat					
Millet					
Other cereals		4.8		0.8	2.8
Pulses	3.6	0.3	6.8	2.4	2.8
Leafy vegetables	0.02	4.6	0.9	2.6	2.5
Other vegetables	4.63	0.3	4.6	1.3	
Fruits		1.3		0.3	0.9
Grasses	0.49		0.2		
Vegetable oil					
Milk and milk products	4.37	5.2	1.1	0.1	1.1
Meat, fish, eggs		3.7	1.6	1.3	2.7
Sugar and jaggery	0.01	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3
Condiments	0.54	1.4	0.8	0.2	1.3

# Diet Survey

## BIHAR

State	BIHAR				
District	Dharbhanga	Munbhum		Singbhum	Santal Parganas
Locality	Bahera	Coal field area	Coal field area	Semtille & Kharawan Estate.	Mahulbans.
Survey No.	85	86	87	88	90
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	50	10	50	25	5
No. of persons	280	29	231	110	23
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10
Season	Oct Nov 1948	June July 41	July September 1948	Aug.-Sept. 48	Oct. 1938-39
Economic status etc.		Practising A.G. Income 372 rs per c.u.	Coal field workmen.	Abor Practising A.G.	Abor Practising A.G.

## FOODSTUFF Oms per consumption unit per day

Rice	25.57	24.0	22.52	26.65	18.4
Wheat					
Millers					
Other cereals	3.29	0.8	4.74	5.94	1.1
Pulses	0.99	1.4	0.14	3.30	0.3
Leafy vegetables	1.61	0.3	2.19	0.31	0.5
Other vegetables					
Fruits	0.07	0.06	0.52	0.37	0.09
Ghee and vegetable oil					
Milk and milk products	0.30	0.10	0.87		
Meat, fish, eggs	0.99	0.24	1.01	2.24	0.40
Sugar and Jaggery					
Condiments	0.13	0.18	1.02	0.71	0.08

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY							
District	Broach				Kaira			
Locality	Broach City							
Survey No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	36	45	50	30	7	10	200	60
No. of persons	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
No. of days of survey	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47
Season	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Poor Class)	Students (Poor Class)	Poor Juvenile Offenders	Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)
Economic status etc.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Rice	4.0	4.0	3.2	4.4	1.6	1.6	5.9	3.9
Wheat	3.3	6.1	7.1	4.8	1.7	7.3	3.2	5.9
Millers	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other cereals	---	---	---	2.4	4.8	6.3	1.8	1.7
Pulses	4.0	3.6	2.2	3.3	2.8	0.9	5.3	3.0
Leafy vegetables	0.25	1.0	---	---	---	1.0	1.0	2.2
Other vegetables	3.5	4.3	3.4	0.4	8.7	5.3	7.0	3.6
Fruits	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.5	0.8	---	2.6	2.4
Milk and milk products	3.5	1.5	6.2	5.7	4.4	0.9	4.0	16.0
Meat, fish, eggs	0.6	0.3	---	---	---	2.6	---	---
Sugar and jaggery	0.5	0.75	1.1	1.5	0.9	---	1.3	1.9
Condiments	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

# Diet Survey

BOMBAY									
State									
District	Kaira			Surat			Surat		
Locality	Anand			Borvad			Surat		
Survey No.	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	
No. of families	60	75	200	90	110	80	45	40	
No. of persons									
No. of days of survey									
Season	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	Dec. 46	Dec. 46	Dec. 46	Dec. 46	
Economic status etc.	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Poor Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Backward Class) (Hotel Poor)	

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	29	35	26	41	32	34	33	31	
Rice	53	30	45	36	49	48	34	16	
Wheat				40					
Millets	04	13	20	39	32	26	55	70	
Other cereals	48	20	37	17	34	47	57	40	
Pulses	15	20	20	46	06			08	
Leafy vegetables	45	27	80		46	38	40	23	
Other vegetables									
Fruits									
Ghee and vegetable oil	12	02	06	03	10	18	18	09	
Milk and milk products	745	08	80	78	18	69	155	20	
Meat, fish, eggs									
Sugar & Jaggery	025	06	13	05	12	16	056	04	
Condiments				02					

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY			
District	Surat			
Locality	Surat			
Survey No.	17	18	19	20
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	80	35	47	150
No. of persons				
No. of days of survey				
Season	Dec. 46	Dec. 46	Dec. 46	Dec. 46
Economic status etc.	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Charitable Poor)

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	1	2	3	4
Rice	3.2	3.9	4.0	3.7
Wheat	5.3	3.3	5.0	7.4
Millet				
Other cereals	2.7	2.0	2.4	5.9
Pulses	4.0	1.8	2.2	0.3
Leafy vegetables	0.4			0.3
Other vegetables	5.0	6.0	6.7	4.6
Fruits				1.0
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.4	3.0	1.2	2.8
Milk and milk products	6.4	6.2	5.4	2.8
Meat, fish, eggs				1.3
Sugar & Jaggery	1.27	1.4	1.1	1.0
Condiments				0.9 (extra)



# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY					
District	Ahmedabad					
Locality	Ahmedabad					
Survey No.	21	22	23	24	25	26
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	91	14	70	30	55	78
No. of persons	---	---	---	---	---	---
No. of days of survey	---	---	---	---	---	---
Season	February, 1947					
Economic status etc.	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Backward Class Hostel Poor)	Students (Backward Class Hostel Poor)	Students (Poor)

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	43	32	40	40	37	43
Rice	60	56	75	62	53	37
Wheat	---	---	---	---	---	---
Millers	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other cereals	24	28	43	28	40	10
Pulses	---	43	---	03	23	22
Leafy vegetables	---	017	---	---	---	12
Other vegetables	56	19	70	50	34	40
Fruits	---	01	---	---	---	---
Ghee and vegetable oil	08	18	08	11	20 (nuts)	---
Milk and milk products	40	31	05	14	08	15
Meat, fish, eggs	---	---	---	50	06	45
Sugar and Jaggery	07	05	06	---	---	---
Condiments	---	---	02	077	035	13

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	Ahmedabad				
District	Ahmedabad				
Locality	Ahmedabad City				
Survey No.	27	28	29	30	31
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	45	122	51	177	55
No. of persons					
No. of days of survey					
Season	February 1947				
Economic status etc.	Students Juvenile Offender (Poor)	Rescue Home Orphanage (Poor)	Special Schools (Poor)	Students (Middle Class)	
					February 1948

## FOODSTUFF OZ per consumption unit per day

	30	21	32	12	11	17
Rice	82	68	53	63	45	30
Wheat						
Millers						
Other cereals	08	22	ni	28	35	50
Pulses	20	17	28	18	25	31
Other vegetables	10	40	15	20	03	83
Leafy vegetables	50	17	45	161	170	116
Fruits						
Ghee and vegetable oil	02	15	05	31	09	65
Milk and milk products	10	75	17	145	35	31
Sugar and Jaggery	10	06	80	06	126	124
Meat, fish, eggs			14		09	20
Condiments						



## Diet Survey

**BOMBAY**

District	Nasik		Thana				
	Nasik	Mansad	Bordi			Bhulwandi	Bordi
Locality							
Survey No	41	42	43	44	45	46	48
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Semi Urban	Semi Urban	Semi Urban	Semi Urban	Semi Urban
No. of families	25	143	75	28	30	25	100
No. of persons							
No. of days of Survey							
Season	Mar. 47	Mar 47	Dec. 47	Dec. 47	Dec. 47	Dec. 47	Dec. 47
Economic Status etc	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Poor)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Training Centre Govt. Stipendiary	Backward Class Hostel Students (Poor)	Training Centre (Govt. Stipendiary)	Students Middle Class

## FOODSTUFF ORL. per consumption unit per day

Rice	16	14	46	95	17	41	64	66
Wheat	17	12	13	02	56	08	53	09
Millers								
Other cereals	74	79	60	61	31	55	08	55
Pulses	39	20	54	28	32	27	40	40
Leafy vegetables	07		12	05	21	11	16	16
Other vegetables	31	29	30	12	26	40	53	77
Fruits	156	07		01	053	02	03	13
Ghee and vegetable oil	09	03	09	11	03	06	12	16
Milk and milk products	11	13	59	41	13	80	12	110
Meat, fish, eggs		18			11	12	17	12
Sugar & Jaggery	04	04	09	10	12		08	
Condiments			80(Neera)					

# BOMBAY

State	District	East Khandesh	Panch Mahala	Broach	
Locality	Bhusaval	Chalisgaon	Godhra	Ankleshwar	Surat
Survey No.	65	66	67	68	69
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	26	46	36	16	20
No. of persons	111	161	111	111	111
No. of days of survey	Oct. 47	Oct. 47	July 47	July 47	July 47
Season	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)
Economic status etc	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)	Students Backward Class Hostel (Poor)

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	1.3	2.6	4.8	4.1	4.9	5.7	1.6	1.6	6.8
Wheat	6.5	1.4	1.8	2.5	2.1	2.2	3.0	1.5	2.0
Millers	3.8	7.8	9.7	4.3	4.9	4.9	7.0	10.5	3.3
Other Cereals	2.2	3.7	3.3	2.2	2.5	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.7
Pulses	1.2	0.8	3.5	7.5	0.4	5.4	6.0	3.8	1.1
Leafy vegetables	0.12	0.4	1.0	1.75	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.6	2.1
Other vegetables	0.1	0.3	1.8	6.2	0.2	2.4	1.0	1.0	9.8
Fruits	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4+0.4	0.4+0.4	0.4+0.4	0.4+0.4	0.4+0.4	0.4+0.4
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Milk and milk products	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Meat, fish, eggs	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Sugar & Jaggery	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Condiments	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

Of this 0.3 is milk powder

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	Bombay			
District	Bombay			
Locality	Bombay City			
Survey No.	74	75	76	77
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	10	10	10	10
No. of persons	53	40	37	51
No. of days of survey	7	7	7	7
Season	"	"	"	"
Economic status etc	Gujarat families mostly Municipal Sweepers with average income Rs. 36/ p.m.	Deccan families peons & laboratory assistants families Income Rs. 40/ p.m.	N Indian Hindus Ward Boys, etc., with average family income Rs. 55/ p.m.	Middle Class Deccan families mostly clerks with average family income Rs. 135/ p.m.
				Poor Parsi families.
				July Aug. 1941

## FOODSTUFF Oxa. per consumption unit per day

	74	75	76	77
Rice	6.5	16.2	2.0	8.2
Wheat	7.3	0.1	19.2	3.2
Millers	"	"	"	0.2
Other cereals	2.4	2.6	0.9	1.1
Pulses	1.0	1.8	0.6	1.8
Leafy vegetables	3.2	5.7	6.5	3.2
Other vegetables	"	"	"	"
Fruits	"	"	"	"
Ghee	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.5
Vegetable oil	1.5	0.6	1.1	1.1
Milk and milk products	0.7	0.9	1.6	7.6
Meat, fish, eggs	1.6	1.2	2.0	4.1
Sugar and Jaggery	"	1.2 (coconut)	1.3	1.9
				0.9 (coconut)
				0.7
				7.1
				2.1
				1.6
				0.1 (coconut)

# BOMBAY

State	Bombay			
District	Bombay			
Locality	Bombay City			
Survey No.	79	80	81	82
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	36	34	90	31
No. of persons	One day	One day	One day	One day
No. of days of survey	July 1941 Aug. 1942	July 1941 Aug. 1942	July 1941 Aug. 1942	July 1941 Aug. 1942
Reason	Gujarat Middle Class families	Gujarat Middle Class families	Gujarat Middle Class families	Gujarat Middle Class families
Economic status etc	Ra. 34.5	Ra. 22.8	Ra. 15.3	Ra. 9.1
				Indian Christian poor class families monthly income per cap. Ra. 18, 10 0

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	79	80	81	82
Rice	3.3	3.6	3.8	5.2
Wheat	3.5	3.6	4.9	6.8
Millet	1.5	0.8	1.9	1.2
Other cereals	2.1	1.8	2.2	2.5
Pulses	nil	nil	nil	nil
Leafy vegetables	7.7	7.0	6.4	5.4
Other vegetables	nil	nil	nil	nil
Fruits	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.3
Ghee	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9
Vegetable oil	11.1	10.6	9.1	5.7
Milk and milk products	nil	nil	nil	nil
Meat, fish, eggs	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.9
Sugar and Jaffery				

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

Bombay

Jogeshward

Survey No. 84  
Urban or Rural  
No. of families 132  
No. of persons  
No. of days of Survey  
Season  
Economic Status etc.

Andheri

85

Urban

265

Urban

220

Urban

86

Urban

220

Urban

87

Urban

200

Urban

88

Urban

320

Urban

250

Urban

89

Urban

250

Urban

90

Urban

225

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	4.0	3.7	9.2	5.0	5.8	1.2	2.0
Wheat	9.5	8.7	4.6	6.6	4.5	11.0	5.0
Millets							
Other Cereals	3.3	3.7	1.0	0.3	1.1	0.4	1.6
Pulses	2.0	2.0			1.7		6.0
Leafy vegetables	18.6	9.2	3.3	2.0	5.6	2.0	1.5
Other vegetables	6.8						2.2
Fruits	3.4	3.2	0.8	1.6	1.4	0.6	2.0
Ghee and vegetable oil	20.9	13.6	5.7	3.0	9.5	1.6	3.0
Milk and milk products					6.2	2.6	0.75
Meat, fish, eggs					0.9	1.6	
Sugar and Jaggery	1.66	1.6	1.3	1.2		0.26 extra	
Condiments							



# BOMBAY

State		Bombay						
District							Bombay City	
Locality		Santa Cruz	Ghatkopar					
Survey No.	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	275	30	48	275	25	40	32	120
No. of persons								
No. of days of survey								
Season	Aug. 46	Sept. 46	Dec 46	July 46	Aug 46	Aug. 45 Backward Class Hostel	March 46	Jan. 46
Economic status, etc	Students (Middle Class and poor)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students Poor	Students (Poor)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students Middle Class

## FOODSTUFF Ora. per consumption unit per day

Rice	24	68	32	88	79	57	51	26
Wheat	7.5	57	51	60	40	115	51	48
Millers								
Other Cereals	28		32	0.4	0.4	48	38	65
Pulses			2.5			15	20	12
Leafy vegetables	4.5	71	90	37	4.5	45	77	100
Other vegetables		30	0.4	1.6				
Fruits		10	38	0.6	0.8	12	36	31
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.9	21	51	1.6	0.98	0.2	60	93
Milk and milk products	20	40		2.6	0.38			
Meat, fish, eggs	0.8	14	13	0.55 extra	0.98	15	14	18
Sugar & Jaggery	0.5							
Condiments		1.6 extra			0.2 extra			

Negligible

# BOMBAY

## District

## Locality

## Bombay City

Survey No.	99	100	101	102--	103	104	105	106
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	50	25	50	45	50	75	35	105
No. of persons								
No. of days of survey	Jan. 46	Oct. 45	Nov. 45	May 46	July 45	July 45	Oct. 46	Oct. 46
Session	Students (Middle Class)	Juvenile Offenders (Poor)	Students (Middle Class)	Rescue Home (Poor)	University students (Middle Class)	Orphanage (Poor)	Hotel for working girls (Middle Class)	Orphanage (Poor)
Economic status etc.								

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	3.0	8.0	5.0	6.0	2.5	5.5	4.0	3.5
Wheat	5.2	12.0	7.9	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.0	7.4
Millet								
Other cereals	0.4	1.5	2.8	2.0	0.4	0.4	1.2	2.1
Pulses	2.5		3.0		3.0	0.6		
Leafy vegetables			1.0		1.0	1.2		
Other vegetables	6.7	4.0	2.9	4.2	3.3		3.8	0.6
Fruits			2.7		2.7		2.5	0.7
Ghee and vegetable oil	3.4	0.5	2.7	0.9	2.7	0.7	3.7	0.3
Milk and milk products	9.0	1.0	9.6	1.0	10.6	3.5	9.0	1.3
Meat, fish, eggs			2.9	0.3	5.3	1.6	5.0	0.8
Super and Jaggery	1.7	0.5	1.8	1.2	2.0	1.1	1.2	0.7
Condiments							0.2	
							(Extra)	

# BOMBAY

State	Bombay									
District	Bombay									
Locality	Bombay City									
Survey No.	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114		
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban		
No. of families	48	25	12	..	130	21	17	18		
No. of persons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
No. of days of survey	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Season	Oct. 46	Feb. 46	Sep. 46	July 46	July 46	July 46	Aug. 46	July 46		
Economic status etc.	Orphanage (Poor)	Hotel for working girls (Middle Class)	Students (Upper Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Upper Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)		

## FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

Rice	17	21	10	39	23	057	56	60		
Wheat	52	42	50	97	58	90	75	60		
Millers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Other cereals	10	10	054	10	06	014	38	22		
Pulses	..	03	04	..	..	04	09	..		
Leafy vegetables	03	100	114	38	11	05	39	98		
Other vegetables	07	40	50	30	30	35	145	..		
Fruits	012	17	18	108	042	162	19	16		
Ghee and vegetable oil	51	52	57	..	956	36	16	18		
Milk and milk products	..	72	114	21	..	92	077	10		
Meat, fish, eggs	04	13	14	27	08	12	09	13		
Sugar & Jaffery	05	..	07 (extra)	..	..	028 (extra)	10 (extra)	04 (extra)		
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

## Diet Survey

State	BOMBAY										
District	Bombay										
Locality	Bombay City										
Survey No.	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122			
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban		
No. of families	180	42	52	200	66	72	17	50	50		
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
No. of days of survey	Apr. 46	July 46	July 46	July 46	Aug. 46	Feb. 46	Feb. 46	July 45	Students (Poor)		
Season	Students Middle Class	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Middle & Lower Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students (Poor)			
Economic status etc.											
FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day											
Rice	3.4	5.7	3.0	6.0	5.4	5.4	9.5	4.5			
Wheat	4.5	5.6	9.3	6.0	5.4	4.0	6.0	2.2			
Millet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Other cereals	0.9	2.8	3.2	1.5	1.7	3.2	1.7	9.1			
Pulses	4.3	0.7	0.8	1.0	7.3	0.7	2.0	3.3			
Leafy vegetables	1.0	3.2	3.7	4.0	0.6	5.0	4.4	5.8			
Other vegetables	3.6	0.8	0.8	...	0.6	0.9	1.8	...			
Fruits	1.7	1.1	1.4	2.2	2.6	1.7	0.5	0.5			
Ghee and vegetable oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Milk and milk products	7.4	0.3	7.0	4.0	3.4	2.8	4.0	2.8			
Meat, fish, eggs	...	2.6	...	4.7	3.7	...	3.0	...			
Sugar & Jaggery	3.7	0.6	1.3	2.5	1.3	1.3	0.7	0.8			
Condiments	...	0.5 (extra)	0.6 (extra)	...	...	...	...	0.2 (extra)			

# BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY									
District	Bombay									
Locality	Bombay City									
Survey No.	123	1 4	125	126	127	128	129	130		
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	34	110*	110*	110*	110*	110*	200†	200†		
No. of days of survey	Feb. 46	Sept. 46	Sept. 46	Sept. 46	Sept. 46	Sept. 46	Aug. 46	Aug. 46		
Season	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)		
Econom. status etc.	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	2.7	3.6	2.7	4.1	4.6	5.7	2.5	3.1		
Wheat	3.0	5.0	3.5	5.0	4.3	6.0	3.3	4.0		
Millet										
Other cereals										
Pulses	2.0	1.8	2.3	3.0	2.1	1.0	2.4	1.8		
Leafy vegetables	2.0	0.3		0.3	0.3	1.0	1.2	0.3		
Other vegetables	6.0	7.3	10.7	10.4	5.3	4.7	13.0	10.0		
Fruits	0.3	0.8	1.8	1.1	0.8	6.3	3.2	0.9		
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.1	2.1	3.1	4.0	2.7		
Milk and milk products	4.0	0.2	8.6	4.3	9.1	4.9				
Meat, fish, eggs		0.2			1.4	6.9				
Sugar & Jaggery	2.0	1.8	1.0	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.6		
Condiments										

\* The total no. of persons of Survey Nos. 124 to 128 is 110.

† The total no. of persons of Survey Nos. 129 to 131 is 200.

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

### Bombay

### Bombay City

Survey No.	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	200†	200*	200*	200*	200*	200*	30	30
No. of persons	200†	200*	200*	200*	200*	200*	30	30
No. of days of survey	Aug. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Dec. 46	Dec. 46
Season	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)
Economic status etc.	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)

### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	6.9	1.8	4.0	2.9	4.0	4.4	5.0	3.2
Wheat	4.2	6.6	8.0	7.5	4.0	4.4	2.6	10.0
Millet								
Other cereals	2.1	0.38	2.5	0.5	1.5	1.2	2.0	2.5
Pulses	0.5				1.0	0.7	2.1	2.0
Leafy vegetables	10.3	8.4	12.0	8.4	11.0	14.0	0.8	13.0
Other vegetables	1.0	6.0	6.0	2.5	4.4	2.5	11.2	2.1
Fruits	3.8	2.5	4.9	2.9	2.0	3.0	1.3	
Ghee and vegetable oil		1.7	2.0	7.3	4.6	8.3	17.0	
Milk and milk products			(1 egg + 4.0)	(1 egg + 2.0)				
Meat, fish, eggs	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.3	
Sugar & Jaggery								
Condiments								

\* The total no. of persons of Survey Nos. 132 to 136 is 200.

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY									
District	Bombay									
Locality	Bombay City									
Survey No.	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146		
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban		
No. of families	65*	65	65*	44	350†	350†	350†	350†		
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
No. of days of survey	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	May 47	May 47	May 47	May 47		
Season	Students Middle Class	Students Middle Class	Students Middle Class	Students Middle Class	Students Middle and Upper Middle Class	Students Middle and Upper Middle Class	Students Middle and Upper Middle Class	Students Middle and Upper Middle Class		
Economic status etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

### FOODSTUFF OZ. PER CONSUMPTION UNIT PER DAY

Rice	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.3	3.6	5.7	4.7	5.3		
Wheat	6.2	6.5	7.1	5.7	6.0	6.0	4.7	7.1		
Milk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Meat	2.6	2.4	1.6	2.7	6.6	1.5	0.1	5.2		
Vegetables	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.5	2.1	1.2	0.6	2.0		
Oil	9.0	9.5	14.0	11.0	19.2	16.2	11.9	10.0		
Sugar	1.6	1.7	2.4	2.4	4.4	2.7	2.1	1.5		
Milk and milk products	16.0	8.5	16.0	3.4	9.9	14.0	2.4	3.4		
Eggs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Other foodstuffs	1.0	1.7	1.3	1.7	2.3	1.2	2.6	4.4		
Condiments	...	...	...	0.2 extra	...	...	...	...		
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 139 to 141 is 65

† The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 143 to 149 is 130.

# BOMBAY

## Bombay

District

Locality

Bombay City

Chembur

Bombay City

Bandra

Survey No.

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Urban  
350†

Urban  
350†

Urban  
350†

Urban  
400

Urban  
400

Urban  
425

Urban  
40

Urban  
100

Season

May 47

May 47

May 47

June 45

July 45

April 46

July 45

Jan. 45

Economic status etc.

Students  
(Middle &  
Upper Mid.  
Class)

Students  
(Mid. &  
Upper Mid.  
Class)

Students  
(Mid. and  
Upper Mid.  
Class)

Juvenile  
Offenders  
(Poor)

Juvenile  
Offenders  
(Poor)

Juvenile  
Offenders  
(Poor)

Orphanage  
Lower  
Middle  
Class

Students to  
Orphanage

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice

40

44

46

70

30

68

06

31

Wheat

46

40

72

40

68

68

110

93

Millet

16

17

21

30

68

35

09

36

Other cereals

24

16

19

30

35

66

20

04

Leafy vegetables

72

16

180

70

66

70

30

50

Other vegetables

20

21

21

03

05

04

14

12

Fruits

30

38

24

20

04

30

156

40

Grass & vegetable oil

74

106

164

20

04

04

09

32

Milk and milk products

90

106

164

20

04

30

09

09

Alfalfa, fish, eggs,

14

106

164

20

04

10

066

02 extra

Sugar and jaggery

14

106

164

20

04

10

066

02 extra

Condiments

14

106

164

20

04

10

066

02 extra



# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

Bombay

Bombay City

Survey No.	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	54		25	175	26	200	28			63
No. of persons										
No. of days of survey										
Season	Apr 46	Apr 46	Jul 45	Jul 45	Feb. 46	Oct. 45	Oct 45	Aug. 47	Aug. 47	Sep 47
Economic status etc.	Hotel for Working Women	Orphan age	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Juvenile Offenders and Orphans (Students)	Students (Poor)	Orphan age (Students)	Training Centre for War Re-ruits.	Foundling Home (Poor)	Foundling Home (Poor)	Students (Poor)

## FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

Rice	32	32	30	31	70	71	125	20	35	50
Wheat	75	52	25	55	70	102	143	50	91	30
Millet										
Other cereals										
Pulses	09	25	20	47	22	25	45	16	30	50
Leafy vegetables	04	06	20	32				05	08	32
Other vegetables	106	50	50	30	52	80	76	10	17	44
Fruits	04	04	02		09		04	20	20	08
Ghee and vegetable oil	10	07	10	05	08	12	19	05	08	05
Milk and milk products	34	18	40	09	01	37	33	100	50	20
Meat, fish, eggs	27	23			21	47				
Sugar and Jaggery	12	12	10	05	11	18	17	04	04	10
Condiments	04	04				01	06			
	(Extra)	(Extra)				(Extra)	(Extra)			



# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	District	Bombay Thana	Bombay				Ratanagiri			
Locality			Dadar	Matunga	Girgaum	Umarbachi	Depoli Petha			
Survey No.		175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183
Urban or Rural		Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families		15	16	247	62	44	11	22	23	66
No. of persons		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
No. of days of survey		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Season		Dec. 45	Sept. 45	Jan. 45	June 45	Aug. 45	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47
Economic status etc.		Students Colleges (Mid. & Upper Mid. Class)	Rescued Women (Poor)	Rescued Women Orphanage and Darsh- tutes (Poor)	Orphan, Destitute & Rescued (Poor)	Rescued Orphanas and Darsh- tutes	Students Backward Class (Poor)	Middle Class, High Class Students	Middle Class Students	Lower Middle Class Students (Students)

### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

...	50	43	51	54	75	60	75	64	50
...	50	15	41	68	53	20	55	32	15
...	...	...	30	27	53	40	...	32	47
...	39	22	...	37	13	10	16	44	11
...	70	50	23	76	10	25	31	30	20
...	12	...	0-26	...	50	14	...	67	...
...	18	04	01	20	05	...	10	17	06
...	210	14	23	20	08	04	90	76	16
...	17	07	07	07	08	04	17	01	06
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	04	...	...

The total No. of persons in Survey Nos. 183 & 184 is 66.

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	Ratnagiri									
	District									Sholapur
Locality	Depoli Petha	Lanja	Malvan	Kanthesjan	Kankavall	Ratnagiri	Makhasan	Phorus		Sholapur
Survey No	164	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193
Urban or Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	66	24	32	26	11	25	14	18	34	32
No. of days of survey										
Season	Apr 47	Apr. 47	Jan. 48	Jan. 48	Jan. 48	Jan. 48	Jan. 48	Jan. 48	Sept. 46	Sept. 46
Economic status etc	Lower Middle Class (Students)	Backward Class (Poor)	Middle & Lower Middle Class	Poor	Poor	Middle Class	Middle Class	Middle Class	Middle Class Students	Middle Class Students

### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	50	110	54	136	72	120	78	176	24	21
Wheat	15	77	...	27	...	40	...	...	46	42
Millers	47	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	11	20	61	44	62	31	100	35	70	51
Pulses	...	10	17	40	37	40	35	21	30	27
Leafy vegetables	20	40	09	21	13	12	21	20	24	15
Other vegetables	...	17	43	14	17	55	24	02	150	53
Fruits	06	01	17	27+05	28	05	10	05	21	11
Grains and vegetable oil	16	15	06	026	07	13	90	50	90	64
Milk and milk products	05	...	35	34	40	51	17	24	02	09
Meat, fish, eggs	06	...	09	11	10	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar & Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

# Diet Survey

State	1946	1947	BOMBAY	1948	1949	1950
District						
Locality						
Survey No.	194	195	196	197	198	199
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	17	2	41	41	41	41
No. of persons	17	2	41	41	41	41
No. of days of survey	17	2	41	41	41	41
Season	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Jan. 46	Jan. 46	Jan. 46	Jan. 46
Economic status etc.	Juvenile Offenders (Poor)	Juvenile Offenders after the expiry of Sentence	Students Middle and Lower Middle Class	Students Middle and Lower Middle Class	Students Backward Class (Poor)	Students Backward Class (Poor)
FOODSTUFF						
Oss. per consumption unit per day						
Rice	17	17	40	20	16	16
Wheat	23	23	11.4	67	12	12
Millet	80	80	7.4	65	12.4	12.4
Other cereals	19	19	2.8	20.6	0.5	0.5
Pulses	11	11	9.1	66	0.8	0.8
Leafy vegetables	73	73	2.5	0.12	1.2	1.2
Other vegetables	0.8	0.8	2.0	60	0.6	0.6
Fruits	2.4	2.4	4.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
Ghee and vegetable oil	13	13	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
Milk and milk products	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
Meat, fish, eggs	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
Sugar and Jaggery	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
Condiments	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.5

# Diet-Survey

BOMBAY									
Survey No.	199	02	200	201	10	202	10	203	203
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
No. of persons	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
No. of days of survey	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Season	Jan. 46	Jan. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46	Sep. 46
Religious status etc.	Backward Class Students (Poor)	Backward Class Students (Poor)	Pupil teachers (Poor)	Students converted Christians under missionaries (Poor)	Students converted Christians under missionaries (Poor)	Orphanage converted Christian Children	Orphanage converted Christian Children	Orphanage converted Christian Children	Orphanage converted Christian Children
FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day									
Rice	16	16	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Wheat	12	12	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Millets	174	174	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
Other cereals	14	14	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Leafy vegetables	05	05	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Other vegetables	08	08	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Fruits	03	03	08	08	08	08	08	08	08
Ghee and vegetable oil	06	06	06	06	06	06	06	06	06
Milk and milk products	06	06	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Meat, fish, eggs	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03
Sugar & Jaggery	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03
Condiments	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03

## BOMBAY

State	Sholapur			
District	Sholapur City			
Locality				
Survey No.	204	205	206	207
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	29	45	139	70
No. of persons	---	---	---	---
No. of days of survey	---	---	---	---
Season	September 1946	September 1946	September 1946	September 1946
Economic status etc.	Students converted under Missionary mostly orphans (Poor)	Students mostly farmers sons of lower middle class	Juvenile offenders (Poor)	Students (Poor)
FOODSTUFF Ozm. per consumption unit per day				
Rice	0.7	2.3	1.0	2.7
Wheat	---	4.5	5.5	1.3
Millers	---	---	---	---
Other cereals	10.6	5.7	5.5	8.0
Pulses	1.2	2.5	4.2	3.4
Leafy vegetables	1.0	1.0	3.4	0.9
Other vegetables	1.2	4.0	5.4	4.0
Fruits	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.9
Grease and vegetable oil	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.5
Milk and milk products	1.0	---	0.4	0.5
Meat, fish, eggs	1.2	1.2	0.5	---
Sugar and Jaggery	0.5	1.0	0.9	0.5
Condiments	---	---	---	---

## BOMBAY

## Dharwar

## Hobli

## Dharwar City

## Devflowet

Survey No.

208

209

210

211

212

213

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Urban  
23Urban  
20Urban  
15Urban  
70Urban  
42Rural  
32

Season

Sep. 46

Jan. 47

Jan. 46

Jan. 46

Jan. 46

Jan. 46

Economic status etc.

Pupil teachers  
Middle ClassStudents  
Backward  
Class girls  
(Poor)Students  
Middle ClassJuveniles  
Offenders  
(Poor)Students  
Farmers sonsStudents  
Mostly ex-  
service men

## FOODSTUFF Ora. per-consumption unit per day

Rice

32

32

32

31

36

20

Wheat

64

87

87

30

10

10

Millet

10

14

43

43

153

140

Other cereals

23

40

22

04

29

28

Pulses

10

53

22

10

29

29

Leafy vegetables

24

18

34

17

29

29

Other vegetables

10

04

04

22

29

14

Fruits

08

53

19

01

40

40

Greens and vegetable oil

23

10

07

10

10

10

Milk and milk products

14

10

10

10

10

10

Meat, fish, eggs

14

10

10

10

10

10

Sugar and Jaggery

14

10

10

10

10

10

Condiments

14

10

10

10

10

10



# Diet Survey

BOMBAY									
State or District	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
District	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sub-district	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Urban or Rural	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No. of families	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No. of persons	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No. of days of survey	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Season	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Economic status etc.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
FOODSTUFFS									
Osa. per consumption unit per day									
Rice	4.01	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8
Wheat	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
Millers	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.8	10.9	11.0	11.1	11.2
Other cereals	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.8
Pulses	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8
Leafy vegetables	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3
Other vegetables	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
Fruits	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Milk and milk products	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Meat, fish, eggs	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Sugar and Jaggery	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Condiments	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0

\* The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 218 to 220 is 308.

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

District	Dharwar									
Locality	Dharwar City									
Survey No.	222	223	224	225	226					
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban					
No. of families	258*	258*	258	258	258					
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...					
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...					
Season	September 1947									
Economic status etc.	M	i	d	d	i	e	C	i	a	s

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	38	34	32	31	31
Rice	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...
Millers	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	...	...	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	...	...	...	...	...
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...
Ghee and vegetable oil	...	...	...	...	...
Milk and milk products	...	...	...	...	...
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar and jaggery	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...

\* The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 222 to 230 is 258.

## Diet Survey

BOMBAY						
District	Dharwar					
Locality	Dharwar City					
Survey No.	227	228	229	230	231	
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of persons No. of days of survey	Urban 238*	Urban 238*	Urban 238*	Urban 238*	Urban —35	Urban —35
Season	September 1947					
Economic status etc.	M	I	d	i	e	Depressed class boys (Foot)
FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day						
Rice	3-2	2-73	3-2	3-2	6-0	
Wheat	6-4	--	0-5	--	1-0	
Milletts	6-4	5-4	6-5	6-4	6-0	
Other cereals	1-7	5-8	3-5	3-7	2-0	
Pulses	0-8	1-3	0-9	5-6	1-0	
Leafy vegetables	11-6	10-1	16-7	20-0	1-0	
Other vegetables	--	1-0	--	--	--	
Fruits	1-6	0-9	2-7	2-0	0-2	
Ghee and vegetable oil	6-9	19-3	21-1	13-0	--	
Milk and milk products	--	--	--	--	--	
Meat, fish, eggs	0-9	1-2	1-5	0-5	1-0	
Sugar and Jaggery	--	--	--	--	--	
Condiments	--	--	--	--	--	

# Diet Survey

BOMBAY					
State					
District	Dharwar				
Locality	Dharwar City				
Survey No.	232	233	234	235	236
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	...	85	144*	144*	144
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...
Season	September 1947				
Economic status etc.	Depressed class girls (Poor)	Middle	and	Lower	Class

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	60	14	32	30	32
Rice	...	10	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...
Millets	60	78	64	60	64
Other cereals	20	21	34	40	34
Pulses	...	04	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	20	25	58	27	28
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...
Fruits	02	07	06	08	12
Ghee and vegetable oil	...	44	11	15	...
Milk and milk products	10	18	13	13	13
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar & Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...

\* The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 234 to 236 is 144.

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY			
District	Dharwar		Belgaum	
Locality	Dharwar	Gadag	Holbi	Belgaum City
Survey No.	237	238	239	240
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	40	14	11	16
No. of persons	"	"	"	"
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"
Season	September, 1947			
Economic status etc.	Middle and Lower Middle Class	Poor Backward Class Students	Middle Class	Backward Class Students (Poor)
				February 1947

## FOODSTUFF Osa. per consumption unit per day

	3.0	3.0	1.5	4.0	4.0
Rice	3.0	3.0	1.5	4.0	4.0
Wheat	"	"	"	"	2.0
Millers	5.0	6.0	3.0	8.0	6.0
Other cereals	4.1	3.0	"	0.5	3.6
Pulses	4.8	"	1.0	"	1.0
Leafy vegetables	"	"	3.0	"	1.5
Other vegetables	"	"	"	"	"
Fruits	1.0	0.1	4.4	0.1	0.6
Grease and vegetable oil	"	"	8.0	"	0.5
Milk and milk products	"	"	4.0	"	6.0
Meat, fish, eggs	1.3	"	1.0	"	"
Sugar and Jaggery	"	"	"	"	1.4
Condiments	"	"	"	"	"

# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	BOMBAY									
District	Belgaum									
Locality	Belgaum City		Chikrodi	Nipani		Arbani	Belgaum	Belgaum	Belgaum	
Survey No.	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	24	24	16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
No. of persons	24	24	16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
No. of days of survey	24	24	16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Season	Feb. 47	Feb. 47	March 48	March 48	March 48	March 48	March 48	March 48	March 48	March 48
Economic status etc	Backward Class Students (Poor)	Juvenile Offenders (Poor)	Backward Class Student (Poor)	Backward Class Students (Poor)	Backward Class Students (Poor)	Farmers Lower & Middle Class	Middle & Upper Class	Middle & Upper Class	Middle & Upper Class	Middle & Upper Class

## FOODSTUFF Oza, per consumption unit per day

	53	66	40	40	35	44	45	53	53	109	170
Rice	53	66	40	40	35	44	45	53	53	109	170
Wheat	66	40	40	40	35	44	45	53	53	109	170
Millet	66	40	40	40	35	44	45	53	53	109	170
Other cereals	13	13	11	11	14	19	18	21	21	36	04
Pulses	07	07	23	23	12	20	13	05	05	45	15
Leafy vegetables	07	07	50	50	11	22	18	55	55	54	23
Other vegetables	07	07	07	07	04	02	02	05	05	18	47
Fruits	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20
Ghee and vegetable oil	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20
Milk and milk products	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20
Meat, fish, eggs	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20
Sugar and Jaffery	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20
Condiments	02	02	02	02	04	02	02	09	09	18	20

# BOMBAY

District	Satara										
Locality	Satara City										
Survey No.	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257			
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban			
No. of families	33	2	41	174	36	56	100	46			
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Season	Mar 48	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47	Apr. 47			
Economic status etc.	Middle Class	Juvenile Offenders	Students Converted Christians (Poor)	Court Committed children (Poor)	Pupil teachers of Primary S. schools lower middle class	Students mostly farmers sons	Students mostly farmers sons	Students (Poor)			
FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day											
Rice	61	16	17	20	08	23	17	08			
Wheat	16	33	23	34	63	30	12	09			
Millets	...	42	30	27	...	30	12	56			
Other cereals	76	41	36	26	51	30	33	34			
Pulses	33	20	12	12	40	24	23	16			
Leafy vegetables	10	...	...	26	...	20	06	19			
Other vegetables	77	40	17	26	12	38	72	48			
Fruits	20	...	13	26	...	...	...	30			
Ghee and vegetable oil	18	15	03	08	10	09	20	04			
Milk and milk products	152	10	...	...	...	...	...	50			
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	06	...	...	...	...	...			
Sugar and Jaggery	24	03	03	18	07	17	12	18			
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			

## Diet Survey

**BOMBAY**

District	Satara	Poona						
Locality	Satara City	Poona City						
Survey No.	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	45	50	25	24	12	104	34	23
No. of persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No. of days of survey	Apr 47	Sept. 46	Sept. 46	July 46	March 46	June 46	June 46	July 46
Season	Students (Lower Middle class)	Students (Middle Class)	Pupil Teachers Lower Middle Class	Students Middle Class	Students Bickward Class (House)	Students Middle & Upper Middle Class	Students Middle Class	Pupil Teachers Lower Middle Class
Economic status etc.								

## FOODSTUFF OZ. per consumption unit per day

Rice	1.2	2.1	5.7	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3
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# BOMBAY

State	Poona					
District						
Locality	Poona City	Garoth Kind	Yeravda	Poona City	Marol	
Survey No.	267	268	269	271	272	273
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban	Rural
No. of families	76	31	34	17	61	73
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"
Season	Jan. 46	Jan. 46	Jan. 46	Mar. 46	Sept. 46	Jan. 46
Economic Status etc.	Students (Poor)	Blind Students from Middle & Lower Middle Class	Students	University Students, Upper Middle Class	Popul Teachers, (Lower Middle Class)	Agriculture Students (Lower Middle Class)

## FOODSTUFF Osa. per consumption unit per day

Rice	46	32	23	30	69	23	40	12
Wheat	33	32	44	97	41	63	20	20
Millers			44				78	
Other cereals	20	32		24	15			121
Pulses	23	38	22	28	100		12	49
Leafy vegetables	08	17	21	15	20	10	05	23
Other vegetables	32	45	54	55	81	28	12	63
Fruits	14	12		01		23	03	09
Ghee and vegetable oil	20	18	06	18	06	11	06	13
Milk and milk products	53		10	80	07	56	05	47
Meat, fish, eggs					21	10	03	
Sugar & Jaggery	22	17	12	12	10	19	07	08
Condiments								



## Diet Survey

State									
BOMBAY									
District									
Poon									
Locality									
Poon City									
Survey No.	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	Naryangon	Lonavla
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban
No. of families	400*	400	400*	400	400	41	31	10	10
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Season	January 1946					July 46	April 48	April 48	April 48
Economic status etc.	Students (Middle and Upper Middle Class)					Students Middle & Upper Middle Class	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)	Students (Middle Class)

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	40	40	28	27	104	48	13	21
Wheat	70	31	55	67	12	54	...	42
Millets	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	20	20	12	...	...	28	125	27
Pulses	...	78	...	...	...	14	18	16
Leafy vegetables	100	...	23	52	92	07	30	10
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	45	70	33
Fruits	30	09	33	33	33	01	06	11
Ghee and vegetable oil	71	60	20	30	30	28	...	80
Milk and milk products	18	18	58+1 (egg)	34+1 (egg)	11	56	...	05
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	11	11	...	20	08	...
Sugar and Jeppay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...



# Diet Survey

## BOMBAY

State	POONA									
District	POONA									
Locality	Hingosa		Poona City		Yeravada		Poona City		Poona City	
Survey No.	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305		
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural	Urban	Urban		
No. of families	129	73	18	113	60	1008	171	103		
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Season	Mar. 46	Mar. 46	June 46	Jan. 46	Mar. 46	May 47	July 47	July 47		
Economic status etc.	Students (Lower Middle Class)	Students court committed Poor	Students (Backward Class) Poor	Students (Orphans Poor)	Students (Backward Class) Poor	Prisoners (Poor)	Middle & Upper Middle Class	Middle & Upper Middle Class		

### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	37	56	33	26	31	09	23	30
Rice	11	09	84	66	53	...	24	30
Millers	93	117	67	...	23	...	...	30
Other cereals	...	...	...	30	31	136	46	43
Pulses	15	28	16	60	60	92	26	30
Leafy vegetables	08	01	...	13	15	40	27	...
Other vegetables	33	19	25	31	38	96	40	...
Fruits	...	...	...	...	20	30	30	59
Ghee and vegetable oil	09	06	08	11	20	06	22	09
Milk and milk products	23	36	...	70	13	...	40	23
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	05	...	45	...	40	80
Sugar and Jaggery	04	03	14	18	23	03	64	10
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...

# Diet Survey

POONA									
POONA									
POONA CITY									
Survey No.	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	
No. of families	212	157	11	92	374	0	273	210*	
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Season	Jul 1937								
Economic status etc.	Middle & Upper Middle Class								
	Student Income all over the Province					Middle Class		Upper & Middle Class	

## FOODSTUFF Ose. per consumption units per day

Rice	50	34	23	42	23	34	19	21	
Wheat	45	16	23	33	23	37	21	42	
Millets	25	44	07	40	23	10	21	10	
Other cereals	30	20	33	11	45	08	22	11	
Pulses	22	15	11	16	16	13	27	113	
Leafy vegetables	15	92	10	67	130	33	18	10	
Other vegetables	65	30	58	24	22	30	29	10	
Fruits	34	17	22	18	15	40	68	100	
Ghee and vegetable oil	17	13	73	14	15	33	59	14	
Milk and milk products	76	51	73	12	16	11	125		
Meat, fish, eggs	76+1 egg	123+1 egg	40+1 egg	12	16	11			
Sugar and Jaggery	12	10	13	12	16	11			
Condiments	"	...	13	12	16	11			

District	Poona							Ahmednagar
Locality	Poona City					Nanded	Poona City	Ahmednagar City
Survey No.	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of persons No. of days of survey	Urban 240*	Urban 240*	Urban 240*	Urban 240*	Urban 97 ...	Rural 38	Urban 31	Urban ... 60 ...
	November, 1947				Nov 47	Nov 47	Nov 47	Nov 1946
Season	Middle & Upper Middle Class				Poor & Lower Middle Class	Juvenile Offenders orphans & destitutes (Poor)	Middle & Upper Middle Class	Converted Christians (Poor)
Economic status etc.								

## FOODSTUFF OZ per consumption unit per day

Rice	2.1	2.1	1.1	1.3	2.2	..	2.1	2.3
Wheat	4.2	3.3	5.0	5.2	4.0	..	4.0	3.4
Millet	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3
Other cereals	5.2	4.0	5.0	5.2	5.2	6.3	3.0	6.4
Pulses	2.0	4.8	2.0	2.5	2.5	6.3	1.0	1.6
Leafy vegetables	1.1	1.1	0.3	1.3	0.7	..	0.8	1.0
Other vegetables	12.1	13.0	10.3	9.0	1.8	5.0	5.9	1.6
Fruits	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0	0.3
Grass and vegetable oil	1.6	3.8	1.6	1.6	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.3
Milk and milk products	9.0	8.5	9.6	8.0	0.6	1.5	12.3	1.3
Meat, fish, eggs	..	..	..	..	..	1.7	3.0+1 egg	0.4
Sugar and Jaggery	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.1	0.7	2.0	..
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

\* The total no. of persons in Survey Nos. 313 to 318 is 240.

**ПОМПАУ**

Abstract

Ahmednagar City

Urban or Rural	No. of families	No. of persons	No. of days of survey	Season	Economic status etc.
87					

87

		FOODSTUFF	Oz. per consumption unit per day	Covered Children Students (Feet)	Students (Percent)
Rice	23	07	13	..	19
Wheat	34	20	15	..	..
Millers	23	20	20	..	..
Other cereals	46	70	70	..	..
Leafy vegetables	2-1	07	17	..	..
Other vegetables	20	48	16	..	..
Fruits	42	2-1	17	..	..
Ghee and vegetable oil	04	03	05	..	..
Milk and milk products	10	08	0-1	..	..
Meat, fish, eggs	06	08	0-6	..	..
Sugar and Jaggery	04	..	08	..	..
Condiments					



# Diet Survey

## State BOMBAY

District	Ahmednagar	Karwar		
Locality	Ahmednagar City	Karwar City		
Survey No.	130	131	132	133
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	40	46	75	126
No. of persons	...	...	...	...
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...
Season	November 1946	Sep 47	Sep. 47	Sep. 47
Economic status etc.	Converted Christians (Poor)	Primary teachers Lower Middle Class & Middle Class	Middle Class	Poor, mostly fishermen folk

## FOODSTUFF Oza per consumption unit per day

Rice	0.4	5.8	6.3	4.0	6.0
Wheat	1.4	0.6	1.7	0.4	...
Millet	2.3	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	5.7	5.5	1.5	3.5	6.0
Pulses	2.2	2.7	0.7	2.2	1.6
Leafy vegetables	1.0	0.3	0.4	...	...
Other vegetables	1.0	4.1	2.2	4.0	4.3
Fruits	0.2	0.5	1.6	0.6	...
Glucose and vegetable oil	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.4
Milk and milk products	...	...	4.0	...	3.2
Meat, fish, eggs	0.3	2.0	3.6	0.6	2.1
Sugar and Jaggery	...	1.0	1.2	...	0.5
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...



State BOMBAY		
District	Bijapur	
Locality		
Survey No.	341	342
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	17	7
No. of persons	10	10
No. of days of survey		
Season	December	December
Economic status etc.	Small Agri cultures Annual income Rs. 100-300	Daily Labourers Annual income below Rs. 100
FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day		
Rice	0.18	0.02
Wheat	1.3	0.36
Milllets	27.2	19.5
Other cereals		0.7
Pulses	1.28	3.52
Leafy vegetables	0.81	1.5
Other vegetables	1.16	1.32
Fruits		
Grass and vegetable oil	0.26	0.54
Milk and milk products	1.07	0.3
Meat, fish, eggs		
Sugar & Jaggery	0.74	0.35
Condiments		

# Diet Survey

## CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR (Madhya Pradesh)

Jabalpore

Barwara

1

2

Bamhoel

3

Ladhar

4

Jabalpore City

5

Nagpur City

6

7

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey  
Season  
Economic status etc.

91

## FOODSTUFF Ozn. per consumption unit per day

	906	88	172	085	71	165	67
Rice	...	405	1315	964	96	25	105
Wheat	216	...	04	...	...	...	...
Millet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ghee and vegetable oil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Milk and milk products	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar and Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Urban  
22  
11  
15  
Dec 47  
Ct. M. Workers  
monthly income  
Rs. 10/- to  
Rs. 3/- to

Urban  
4  
16  
10  
August 1915  
Student

Urban  
3  
4  
November 45  
Orphans

Rural  
44  
109  
15  
May 42  
Small  
Cultivators

Rural  
21  
57  
15  
April 42  
Gonds  
Ahor As.

Rural  
21  
85  
15  
May 42  
Poor Ag.  
Labour Class  
daily earnings  
Rs. 12/6

Rural  
104  
14  
Feb. 42  
Poor Ag.  
Labour Class  
daily earnings  
Rs. 11/-

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR (Madhya Pradesh)

State	CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR (Madhya Pradesh)						
District	Nagpur	Bhandara	Chanda	Chhindwara	Amraoti		
Locality	Nagpur City	Warud	Tirodlin	Brahmput	Lugharbora	Stepur	Landli
Survey No.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Urban or Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	20	29	11	11	1	14	11
No. of persons	107	81	7	7	15	7	7
No. of days of survey	16	18					
Season	Aug. 45	Jan. 42	March 40	Oct. 45	Oct. 45	Nov 45	Feb. 46
Economic status etc.	Middle Class log. & B. House	Poor Ag. Lab. Class and petty land holders	Misc Lab. Rs. 7/24 per Coax. Unit	Poor Ag. Lab. Class monthly income Rs. 29/13/1	Students	Poor Ag. Lab. Class monthly income Rs. 26/11/5	Poor Ag. Lab. Class monthly income Rs. 33/13/1
							Dec. 45
							Poor Ag. Lab. Class monthly income Rs. 7/13/2

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	68	52	215	215	182	56	15	003
Rice			1.5	1.0	5.6	16.5	0.4	0.17
Wheat			1.5					
Millers			1.5					
Other cereals			2.0	2.5	4.6	16.6	2.06	3.02
Pulses			2.0	2.5	4.6	16.6	10.3	3.8
Leafy vegetables			4.5	0.14	2.0	0.5	0.54	2.34
Other vegetables			4.5	0.9	4.7	0.5	0.23	0.64
Fruits			0.3	0.3		0.03		0.64
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.4	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.07	0.14	0.83
Milk and milk products	4.0	1.8	1	1	1.06	0.4	0.83	0.65
Meat, fish, eggs	1.9	1	1	0.5				0.92
Sugar & Jaggery	1.2			0.02		0.2		1.2
Condiments								

## Diet Survey

## CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR (Madhya Pradesh)

Raipur

Survey No.

 Urban or Rural  
 No. of families  
 No. of persons  
 No. of days of survey

Season

Economic status etc.

Mandla

Survey No.	16	17	18	19	20
Urban or Rural	Rural	Roth	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	23	31	10	10	10
No. of persons	20	10	7	7	10
No. of days of survey	Dec. 44	Dec. 44	July 1949	Dec. 44	Dec. 44
Season	Agriculturists	Poor Mid. Class	Poor AL Lab Class	Aboriginal (Koles)	Poor AL C's
Economic status etc.					

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	264	256	314	516	96
Rice	02	02		515	18-
Wheat					
Millet					
Other cereals					
Pulses	11	12		352	536
Leafy vegetables	15	14		376	131
Other vegetables	31	28		469	20
Fruits	01	01	006	035	099
Ghee and vegetable oil	02	016		017	02
Milk and milk products	02	02		003	147
Meat and fish	02	001		016	044
Sugar & Jaggery					
Condiments					

# Diet Survey

State	COORG			DELHI	
District	Coorg			Najafgarh	
Locality	Igodalu	Marcara Town	Kadagadai	Najafgarh	
Survey No	1	2	3	1	2
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of persons No. of days of survey	Rural 18 15 March 42 Low economic status	Semi Urban 26 15 October, 42 Poor agriculturist class of low economic status	Rural 25 15 December 41	Rural 25 85 6 December Labourers engaged on road making on 4 to 8 annas per day	Semi-urban 10 45 14 January Small tradesmen earning Rs. 8 to 30 per month
Season	March 42	October, 42	December 41	December	January
Economic status etc.	Low economic status	Poor agriculturist class of low economic status	Poor agriculturist class of low economic status	Labourers engaged on road making on 4 to 8 annas per day	Small tradesmen earning Rs. 8 to 30 per month

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	23.3	21.5	22.0	26.3	10.9	2.3
Rice	23.3	21.5	22.0	26.3	10.9	2.3
Wheat	0.1	0.2	0.7	2.1	5.8	18.2
Millets	0.7	1.0	0.8	8.4	2.8	2.3
Other cereals	0.5	0.2	0.4	2.4	4.2	2.6
Pulses	3.8	5.2	5.1	0.5	2.0	1.5
Leafy vegetables	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	3.0	0.5
Non-leafy vegetables	2.0	2.8	1.3	1.3	0.3	0.5
Fruits	0.2	1.6	1.2	1.3	5.7	13.9
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.9	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	0.4
Milk and milk products	0.2	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.4
Meat, fish, eggs	0.9	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	0.4
Sugar & Jaggery	0.9	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	0.4
Condiments	0.9	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	0.4

West Survey													
PUNJAB													
State	District	Farmhouse											
Locality	Survey No.	1		2		3		Lama	Thal	Kangra Valley			
Urban or Rural	No. of families	Rural		Urban		Urban		Lama	Thal	Lama	Gates	Chiali	Thalwar
No. of persons	No. of days of survey	710		710		245		5	6	7	8	9	10
Season	Economic status etc.	Middle class Hindus		April and May Middle class Muslims Mediana		Sweepers Sikhs		19	23	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
		23		23		23		23	23	13	15	15	15
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23	23	23	23	23
		23		23		23		23	23				



# Diet Survey

## PUNJAB

State	PUNJAB				
District	Ferozepore				Rohatak
Locality		Leana	Gandhi Refuges Camp		Bahn Akbarpur
Survey No.	11	12	13	14	15
Urban or Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	8	19	13	30	30
No. of persons	7 10	24	28	136	139
No. of days of survey				10	10
Season	Apr. & May	Autumn '38	Spring '38	April 1948	September, 1948
Economic status etc.	Middle Class Sikhs.	Small cultivators.	Small cultivators	Refugees from West Punjab	15 refugees. 15 static population

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	22.4	14.0	14.7	0.4	"
Wheat	"	3.3	3.0	21.0	"
Millet					
Other cereals					
Pulses	2.7	10.5 (maize)	8.9 (maize)	3.53	17.6
Leafy vegetables	4.2	0.4	1.6	0.04	12.38
Other vegetables		1.6	1.1	3.9	4.68
Fruits	1.0				0.14
Ghee	1.5		0.05	1.5	1.42
Vegetable oil		0.35	0.34		
Milk and milk products	12.3	2.0	1.4	1.5	25.39
Meat, fish, eggs	0.1		0.1		
Sugar and Jaggery	0.54	0.5	1.1	0.54	
Condiments					
					38.36



# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

State	Kurnood									
District										
Locality	Gargyspuram	Pattukonda	Yarragonda palam	Betham- Cherala	Mudathur	Maddikara	Markapur	Nandukotkur		
Survey No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Urban or Rural	"	22	23	15	16	16	15	18		
No. of families	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Season	Sep. 45	Oct. 45	Oct. 45	Nov 46	Aug. 46	Dec. 46	Jan. 47	March 47		
Economic status etc.	Income Rs. 76/ p.m.	Income Rs. 148/ p.m.	Income Rs. 60/ p.m.	Income Rs. 35/ p.m.	Income Rs. 31/ p.m.	Income Rs. 54/ p.m.	Income Rs. 31/ p.m.	Income Rs. 39/ p.m.		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	3.48	13.18	9.05	2.60	1.91	3.40	6.66	4.60		
Wheat	0.07	0.39		0.50	"	0.14	"	0.10		
Milleta										
Other cereals	20.72	8.56	16.01	16.50	18.81	16.80	6.26	22.40		
Pulses	2.62	2.23	1.45	0.90	1.00	1.60	0.54	0.44		
Leafy vegetables	0.59	0.28	0.90	0.70	0.60	0.20	0.64	0.02		
Other vegetables	1.50	2.70	0.97	1.04	0.38	2.05	0.81	0.83		
Fruits										
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.60	0.95	0.50	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.03	0.02		
Milk and milk products	3.56	5.41	9.12	3.70	0.04	2.81				
Meat, fish, eggs	0.45	0.46	0.10	0.60	0.007	0.50	0.49	1.62		
Sugar & Jaggery	10.26	0.50	0.10	0.30		0.32				
Condiments	1.65	2.47	4.06	2.43	0.99	2.39	1.12	1.24		

# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

Amood

Locality	Nandankur			Dhone			Pattikonda	Krishnagiri	Peralli
Survey No.	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Urban or Rural	13	"	15	15	12	"	"	"	"
No. of families	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Season	March, 1947			May 1947			June 47		
Economic status etc.	Police lines	Poor boys home	Ra. 46/ p.m.	Ra. 57/ p.m.	Ra. 70/ p.m.	Poor boys hostel	June 47 Ra. 43 p.m.	August 47 Ra. 36/ p.m.	

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	1471	5 59	3 70	2 61	2 34	11 74	6 33	...
Rice	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Wheat	4 32	12 71	13 60	10 66	12 88	"	5 76	17 40
Millet	1 70	2 46	0 30	0 33	0 83	"	1 15	0 10
Other cereals	0 13	0 23	0 50	0 07	0 62	"	0 18	0 02
Pulses	0 97	0 33	0 50	0 70	0 50	"	0 38	0 02
Leafy vegetables	0 20	"	"	"	0 11	0 30	0 14	0 40
Other vegetables	2 22	0 15	2 73	0 55	1 07	4 10	0 29	0 53
Fruits	0 73	0 75	0 81	0 78	0 95	0 37	1 36	0 51
Ghee and vegetable oil	1 17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Milk and milk products	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Meat, fish, eggs	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Sugar and Jaggery	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Condiments	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

\* Negligible

## Diet Survey

**MADRAS**

District	Kurnool					Chingelput		
Locality	Peapalli	Panyam	Nestridicherla	Tulgi	Kotikunta	Poonamallee		Sripetumbadur
Survey No.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Urban or Rural	--	12	9	13	15	25	22	14
No. of families	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
No. of persons	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
No. of days of survey	August 47	September 47	September 47	September 47	September 47	December 45	Jan. 46	October 46
Season	Poor boys hostels	Ra. 40/ p.m.	Ra. 47/ p.m.	Ra. 45/ p.m.	Ra. 49/ p.m.	Ra. 65/ p.m.	Ra. 73/ p.m.	Ra. 31/ p.m.
Economic status etc.								

## FOODSTUFF Osd. per consumption unit per day

Grice	0.57	...	1.62	..	..	14.77	18.20	7.80
Wheat	0.13	..	..	..	..	0.83	0.31	0.50
Mullets	18.21	18.80	11.56	14.33	21.10	0.33	..	0.80
Other cereals	1.08	0.33	11.23	0.63	0.24	1.06	1.12	0.32
Pulses	..	0.83	1.02	0.68	0.68	0.14	0.39	0.60
Leafy vegetables	1.09	0.42	0.88	0.34	0.44	2.36	3.10	1.00
Other vegetables	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits	..	..	0.70	0.20	..	0.50	0.70	0.20
Olives and vegetable oil	8.90	16.26	5.72	..	11.63	1.78	3.93	0.23
Milk and milk products	..	..	..	..	0.17	1.11	1.03	0.10
Meat, fish, eggs	0.36	0.48	..	..	..	0.40	0.31	0.03
Sugar and sugar products	1.78	0.70	0.78	0.89	0.43	1.65	2.10	1.00
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

## Notifiable

# Diet Survey

State

MADRAS

District

Chingleput

Locality

Trivellore

Survey No.

25

Urban or Rural

13

No. of families

15

No. of persons

13

No. of days of survey

13

Season

October 46

Economic status etc.

Ra. 46/ p.m.

Thinnore

Nov 46

Alandur

June 47

Tiruvalthoor

June 47

Villakkur

June 47

Timbali

March 47

Vandalur

August 47

Perambur

August 47

Survey No.

30

Urban or Rural

48

No. of families

16

No. of persons

10

No. of days of survey

10

Season

August 47

Economic status etc.

Ra. 44/ p.m.

Thinnore

June 47

Alandur

June 47

Tiruvalthoor

June 47

Villakkur

June 47

Timbali

March 47

Vandalur

August 47

Perambur

August 47

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	10-70	7-40	11-70	13-55	11-59	16-17	10-90	11-09
Wheat	1-00	0-20	0-40	0-32	0-41	0-60	0-30	0-11
Millet	1-10	1-10	0-30	0-65	0-09	0-14	0-04	0-11
Other cereals	0-55	0-30	0-50	0-94	1-23	0-26	0-10	0-14
Pulses	0-20	0-10	1-20	0-20	0-50	0-33	0-20	0-15
Leafy vegetables	2-30	0-10	0-40	1-41	0-42	0-69	0-45	0-58
Other vegetables	0-69	0-10	0-40	0-60	1-01	0-69	0-45	0-58
Fruits	1-40	0-05	0-40	0-60	1-01	0-69	0-45	0-58
Grain and vegetable oil	0-70	0-10	0-40	0-60	1-01	0-69	0-45	0-58
Milk and milk products	0-36	0-10	0-40	0-60	1-01	0-69	0-45	0-58
Meat, fish, eggs	1-60	0-68	0-36	0-60	1-01	0-69	0-45	0-58
Sugar and jelly								
Condiments								

Negligible

District	Chingleput				Colombatore			
	Karunkudi	Munjur	Ettrimadi	Singanallur	Pollachi			
Locality								
Survey No.	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Urban or Rural								
No. of families	14	12	56	18	18	16	16	16
No. of persons								
No. of days of survey								
Season	Oct 47	Nov 47	Feb. 48	Feb 48	F b. 48			
Economic status etc	Harijans Rs. 49/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 49/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 59/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 47/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 70/ p.m.	Police lines Rs. 69/ p.m.	Police lines Rs. 57/ p.m.	Police lines Rs. 79/ p.m.

FOODSTUFF Oxa. per consumption unit per day

Rice	11 10	9 71	19 30	23 90	19 10	8 14	10 28	10 05
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Milletts	5 50	7 29	7 20	0 90	2 10	0 48	0 69	0 27
Other cereals	0 10	0 30	0 30	1 94	1 30	0 71	0 88	0 78
Pulses	1 10	1 30	1 30	...	...	0 27	0 63	0 72
Leafy vegetables	0 14	0 66	...	4 10	3 90	1 80	2 42	1 68
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grass and vegetable oil	...	0 20	0 60	0 70	0 40	0 50	0 50	0 60
Milk and milk products	...	...	3 30	3 50	6 10	6 57	5 43	4 20
Meat, fish, eggs	0 15	0 35	...	...	0 19	0 30	0 10	0 20
Sugar and Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...	0 93	1 16	0 93
Condiments	0 66	0 89	...	...	...	0 49	0 64	0 71





District	Chittoor				Bellary				
Locality	Vayalpad	Puttur	Naguri	Kadathani	Alur	Adoni	Rayadurg	Hadagalli	
Survey No.	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	
Urban or Rural	16	13	14	22	21	16	14	13	
No. of families	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
No. of persons	May 47	Oct. 47	Dec. 47	Sep. 45	Oct. 45	June 46	Sep. 46	Dec. 46	
No. of days of survey	Harjana Rs. 61/ p.m.	Harjana Rs. 42/ p.m.	Harjana Rs. 51/ p.m.	Rs. 28/ p.m.	Rs. 33/ p.m.	Rs. 55/ p.m.	Rs. 36/ p.m.	Rs. 32/ p.m.	
Season									
Economic status etc.									

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	18.45	3.00	9.03	1.24	3.96	3.35	2.90	0.80
Wheat	"	"	"	0.11	0.22	"	3.70	0.05
Milletts	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Other cereals	"	14.50	7.33	22.79	16.94	20.97	11.90	26.81
Pulses	"	0.20	0.20	3.01	1.86	2.72	0.20	0.16
Leafy vegetables	"	0.30	0.30	0.21	0.11	0.73	"	"
Other vegetables	1.10	0.96	1.24	0.25	1.31	1.61	1.30	"
Fruits	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Ghee and vegetable oil	"	0.10	"	0.30	0.40	0.23	"	"
Milk and milk products	"	0.20	"	1.15	2.42	0.18	"	"
Meat, fish, eggs	"	"	1.27	"	"	1.26	0.26	0.30
Sugar and jaggery	"	"	"	"	0.69	"	"	"
Condiments	1.32	0.65	0.65	1.65	1.40	0.99	2.40	1.50

Negligible.





# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

### Bellary

### Simpang

### Malabar

Survey No.	57	58	59	British Co. Min	Guntur	Madras	Anantapur
Urban or Rural							
No. of families	12	14	16	60			
No. of persons	...	...	...	13			
No. of days of survey	Oct. 47	Oct. 47	Oct. 47	...			
Season	...	...	...	...			
Economic status etc	...	...	...	...			

103

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	0.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Millet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	17.55	16.10	18.21	10.40	27.10	...	...
Other vegetables	1.06	1.00	0.47	0.10	...	...	...
Fruits	1.61	0.60	0.59	0.64	...	...	...
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.45	0.10	1.13	1.70	...	...	...
Milk and milk products	...	...	0.30	0.40	...	...	...
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	4.34	0.37	...	...	...
Sugar & Jaggery	...	...	1.26	0.80	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	1.22	...	...	...	...
Negligible	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

# MADRAS

State

## Anantapur

District

Locality	Anantapur M.T.	Hindapur	Kadiri	Madagara	Kalyandrug	Pennakonda	Uttarakonda	Anantapur M.T.
Survey No	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Urban or Rural								
No. of families	30	"	15	12	15	14	15	18
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Season	Feb. 45	Feb. 45	June 46	July 46	July 46	Aug. 46	Nov. 46	Jan. 47
Economic status etc.	"	Boarding House	Rs. 26/ p.m.	Rs. 30/ p.m.	Rs. 21/ p.m.	Rs. 27/ p.m.	"	Rs. 51/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Ova. per consumption unit per day

Rice	15 10	7 30	3 61	11 48	9 90	4 30	0 80	10 05
Wheat	0 50	0 70	"	9 26	2 94	0 54	0 10	3 31
Millet	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Other cereals	6 20	15 80	15 89	1 91	8 40	7 86	14 80	5 22
Pulses	2 00	1 50	0 66	1 46	1 01	0 34	0 14	0 20
Leafy vegetables	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Other vegetables	1 70	"	0 65	0 34	2 57	0 81	0 20	0 85
Fruits	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Ghee and vegetable oil	0 30	1 00	"	"	0 20	"	"	0 10
Milk and milk products	"	"	1 72	"	"	"	"	"
Meat, fish, eggs	2 20	0 45	2 19	0 44	"	1 50	0 10	2 24
Sugar and Jaggery	"	"	"	0 13	"	"	"	0 16
Condiments	"	"	2 12	0 26	3 30	0 64	1 44	0 95

Negligible

# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

### Anantapur

Locality	Yad ki	Geory	Guntakhal	Guntakhal	Kalyandol	Jamula	Cult pp h
Survey No.	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
Urban or Rural							
No of families							
No of persons	15						
No of days of survey							
Season	Jan. 47	Apr 47	Apr 47	Apr 47	Apr 47	July 47	Sept 47
Economic status etc.	Ra. 20/ p.m.	Hotel	Ra. 45/ p.m.	Harijans Ra. 61/ p.m.	Scavenging Ra. 6 p.m.	Hinjans Ra. 41/ p.m.	Chinjans Ra. 34/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	0.98	12.78	3.12	3.50	9.51	1.30	5.84	3.51
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.90	0.47
Wheat	15.80	3.45	13.27	13.00	4.28	18.70	11.00	17.33
Millers	0.10	3.47	0.24	0.70	0.20	0.70	1.39	0.69
Other cereals	0.30	2.13	0.47	1.00	0.82	0.60	2.10	1.20
Pulses	0.30	...	...	0.10	0.82	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	0.50	0.42	...	2.70	1.81	...	0.10	0.10
Fruits	0.93	0.89	1.68	1.69	1.76	0.20	0.31	1.48
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.41	1.48	0.65	...	...	0.77	0.34	0.19
Milk and milk products	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.63	3.33
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar and Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Negligible	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

State	District	Cuddalore				Madurai		
Locality	Kodur	Rajampet	Badvel	Rajampet	Cumbum	Cumbum	Cumbum	Madurai Town
Survey No.	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
Urban or Rural								
No. of families	13	15	11	14	15	14	15	14
No. of persons	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
No. of days of survey	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Season	Oct. 46	Nov 46	Sep 47	Dec 47	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Oct. 46	Apr. 47
Economic status etc.	Mixed Community Ra. 39/ p.m.	Mixed Community Ra. 32/ p.m.	Hartians Ra. 51/ p.m.	Ra. 41/ p.m.	Hindu Non Brahmins Ra. 26/ p.m.	Non Brahmins Ra. 33/ p.m.	Muslims Ra. 25/ p.m.	Police Lines Ra. 67/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	1.70	3.11	3.90	0.88	11.90	13.00	6.60	16.41
Wheat	"	0.33	"	"	1.90	2.10	2.30	0.10
Millers	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Other cereals	17.40	13.03	7.42	14.72	3.20	2.20	2.70	0.97
Pulses	0.40	0.16	0.10	0.10	0.46	0.16	0.50	1.48
Leafy vegetables	0.40	0.18	0.10	0.34	0.70	1.60	0.70	"
Other vegetables	0.80	0.90	0.15	0.61	0.50	0.30	1.00	3.67
Fruits	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Ghee and vegetable oil	1.50	0.50	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.34
Milk and milk products	1.23	"	"	0.10	"	"	"	4.41
Meat, fish, eggs	"	0.48	"	0.15	"	0.30	0.10	0.47
Sugar and Jaggery	"	0.06	"	"	"	"	"	0.60
Condiments	1.26	1.49	0.86	1.00	"	"	"	0.75

\* Negligible





# MADRAS

State	Tinnevely									
District	Kalpatti					Thuchendur				
Locality	Sivaganga									
Survey No.	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	Tenbyse	
Urban or Rural									P et Kottai	
No. of families	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	16		
No. of persons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
No. of days of survey	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Season	Sep. 47	June 47	June 47	June 47	October 47	October 47	October 47	June 47		
Economic status etc.	Harijans Rs. 50/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 60/ p.m.	Non-Brahmins Rs. 71/ p.m.	Non-Brahmins Rs. 80/ p.m.	Non-Brahmins Rs. 39/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 44/ p.m.	Harijans Rs. 44/ p.m.	Non-Brahmins Rs. 46/ p.m.		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	12-88	14-35	14-70	15-48	10-00	8-44	12-46	16-73
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Millers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	0-12	0-48	0-93	0-56	0-11	...	...	0-10
Pulses	0-74	0-72	0-13	1-20	0-10	...	0-12	0-10
Leafy vegetables	1-10	0-26	0-13	1-06	0-10	...	...	...
Other vegetables	...	2-00	2-02	2-50	0-52	0-16	0-70	1-80
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ghee and vegetable oil	0-13	0-24	0-40	0-54	0-10	...	...	0-20
Milk and milk products	...	1-10	1-19	2-81	...	...	...	2-67
Meat, fish, eggs	0-79	0-23	0-29	0-12	0-21	0-19	0-48	0-39
ugar and Jaggery	...	0-28	0-60	0-65	...	...	0-13	0-11
diarrhoea	1-66	0-45	0-63	0-72	0-40	0-17	0-59	0-66





# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

State		District				Tanjore				Salem			
Locality		Pattukottal				Tiruvadamadur				Omalar			
Survey No.		105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	Kochamet rupatdi			
Urban or Rural													
No. of families		15	14	16	14	13	15	15	13				
No. of persons													
No. of days of survey													
Season		June 47	June 47	October 47	October 47	October 47	July 47	July 47	July 47				
Economic status etc.		Mixed Community Rs. 48/ p.m.	Mixed Community Rs. 56/ p.m.	Christian Rs. 46/ p.m.	Non Brahmins Rs. 55/ p.m.	Non Brahmins Rs. 130/ p.m.	Muslims Rs. 55/ p.m.	Non Brahmins Rs. 57/ p.m.	Hindians Rs. 23/ p.m.				

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	12-90	14 19	8 77	11 35	17 76	10 95	11 78	2 37
Wheat								
Millers								
Other cereals								
Pulses	0 35	0 31		0 31	0 39	0 05	1 91	1 46
Leafy vegetables	0 76	0 14		0 80	0 29	0 19	1 76	0 19
Other vegetables	1 45	1 05	0 40	2 59	3 72	1 22	0 51	0 29
Fruits							1 26	0 86
Green and vegetable oil	0 30		0 10	0 30	0 40	0 20	0 70	0 10
Milk and milk products	1 61	0 11		0 49	4 92	2 52	5 78	1 08
Meat, fish, eggs	0 87	2 60	0 27	0 10	0 23	0 16	0 59	0 6
Sugar & Jaggery	0 17					0 16	0 81	0 30
Condiments	0 70	0 85	0 40	0 83	1 18	0 12	1 13	

\* Negligible

MADRAS

State	Nellore					Thiruchirappalli
District						
Locality	Udayagiri	Kamigiri	Solutpet	Solutpet	Kanamalai	Andanallur
Survey No.	113	114	115	116	117	118
Urban or Rural						
No. of families	15	12	12	13	10	11
No. of persons	—	—	—	—	—	—
No. of days of survey	—	—	—	—	—	—
Season	Sep. 47	Sep. 47	Sep. 47	Nov 47	Sep. 46	Oct. 46
Economic status etc.	Harijans Ra. 44/ p.m.	Yanadi Ra. 37/ p.m.	Yanadi Ra. 43/ p.m.	Harijans Ra. 45/ p.m.	Muslims Orphanage Ra. 24/ p.m.	Brahmins Ra. 86/ p.m.
						Pallar Ra. 40/ p.m.

FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

Rice	4.00	0.21	17.84	11.50	14.93	12.20	34.20
Wheat	—	—	—	—	1.01	0.50	—
Millers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other cereals	12.70	16.71	—	4.10	—	1.85	—
Pulses	—	—	0.15	—	1.00	—	0.53
Leafy vegetables	0.70	1.35	1.18	—	1.87	4.00	2.10
Other vegetables	—	0.21	0.85	0.34	4.60	—	2.10
Fruits	—	—	—	—	—	2.00	—
Ghee and vegetable oil	—	—	0.20	—	0.20	10.00	0.23
Milk and milk products	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Meat, fish, eggs	0.58	1.57	2.45	0.51	—	1.30	0.54
Sugar and Jaggery	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Condiments	0.41	0.34	0.93	0.44	0.50	1.30	1.70

Negligible

# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

### Tiruchirappalli

Survey No.

Sivalar

Mannapatal

Pochamettupatti

Thuvanankurichi

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Season

Economic status etc.

November 1946

Christmas

FOODSTUFF Oxa. per consumption unit per day

Rice  
Wheat  
Millet  
Other cereals  
Pulses  
Leafy vegetables  
Other vegetables  
Fruits  
Ghee and vegetable oil  
Meat, fish, eggs  
Sugar and jaggery  
Condiments

\* Negligible

Diet Survey											
MADRAS											
State	District	Locality	Survey No.	Sivalar	Mannapatal	Tiruchtrappalli	Pochamettupatti	Thuvanakurichi			
				121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
				15	18	15	15	15	15	15	15
				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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## Diet Survey

## MADRAS

## Tiruchirappalli

State	Tiruchirappalli				
District					
Locality	Tiruvannamur		Aravakurichi		Chinnadara puram
Survey No.	129	130	131	132	133
Urban or Rural					
No. of families	16	15	14	14	15
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...
Season	Jan. 47	Jan. 47	Jan. 47	Jan. 47	Jan. 47
Economic status etc.	Muslims R. 96/ p.m.	Non-Brahmins R. 34/ p.m.	Indian Christians. R. 55/ p.m.	Muslims R. 59/ p.m.	Hindus Non Brahmins R. 48/ p.m.
					Muslims R. 61/ p.m.
					Indian Christian R. 53/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	20.00	20.25	20.96	12.50	8.90	14.80	4.50
Wheat	0.10	..	..	2.60	1.80	0.80	10.40
Millers		..	..		..		..
Other cereals		..	0.48	0.14	3.48	0.63	11.70
Pulses	0.82	0.95	0.34	0.86	0.67	1.05	0.72
Leafy vegetables	0.13	0.12	0.18		0.06		0.45
Other vegetables	3.56	3.02	0.95	2.11	2.97	2.45	3.25
Fruits		..	..		..		..
Ghee and vegetable oil	0.30	0.30	0.14	0.20	0.50	0.30	0.30
Milk and milk products	4.05	2.76	0.19	4.00	1.10	2.75	..
Meat, fish, eggs	1.06	0.56	2.41	0.30	0.06	0.20	1.06
Sugar and jaggery	0.11	0.10	1.65	0.43	0.10	0.56	..
Condiments	0.77	0.82	..	0.48	0.54	0.81	1.17

# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

### Thiruchirappalli

Tiruchitrapalli											
Locality	Chinna dattapuram	Kuppachipalayam				Paruthi			Vel' anal		
Survey No.	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144			
Urban or Rural	13	15	14	14	15	14	16	15			
No. of families	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
No. of persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Season		February 1937				March 1937					
Economic status etc.	Pallars Rs. 48/- p.m.	Mandras Rs. 71/ p.m.	Non Brahmins Rs. 38 p.m.	Dravidas Rs. 41 p.m.	Non- Brahmins Rs. 71/ p.m.	Non- Brahmins Rs. 37/ p.m.	Dravidas Rs. 35 p.m.	Non Brahmins Rs. 33/ p.m.			

### FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

	February 1947	March 1947	Dravidas Rs. 41 p.m.	Non- Brahmins Rs. 71/ p.m.	Non- Brahmins Rs. 37/ p.m.	Dravidas Rs. 37 p.m.	Non- Brahmins Rs. 33/ p.m.
Rice	16.90	17.39	8.50	7.49	8.30	6.86	10.67
Wheat	0.13	0.45	0.09	...	...	...	0.03
Millet	2.18	0.63	7.21	16.48	18.05	16.67	8.92
Other cereals	0.15	0.92	1.80	1.66	1.70	0.61	0.74
Leafy vegetables	0.06	0.79	...	...	0.03	...	...
Other vegetables	3.43	2.58	1.31	2.34	3.43	4.09	0.52
Fruits	0.20	0.40	0.10	0.30	0.44	0.20	0.4
Grass and vegetable oil	0.60	2.44	1.49	5.03	4.34	0.30	1.81
Milk and milk products	0.03	0.28	0.40	0.76	0.03	0.30	...
Meat, fish, eggs	1.66	0.44	0.61	0.78	0.92	0.37	...
Sugar and Jaffery	...	0.81	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...



**Thracidomappell**

Locality	Vellimal		Ramyeesagar		Dalmiapuram	
Survey No.	145	146	147	148	149	151
Urban or Rural						
No. of families	15	15	15	15	15	15
No. of persons						
No. of days of survey						
Season	March, 1947		April, 1947		May 1947	
Economic status etc.	Hindu Non Brahmins Rs. 37/- p.m.	Pallar Rs. 39/ p.m.	Hindus & Christians Rs. 65/ p.m.	Mixed Community Rs. 91/ p.m.	Hindu Rs. 71/ p.m.	Mixed Community Rs. 93/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF OZ. per consumption unit per day

	8-45	6-89	22.77	15-08	20-60	19-80	19-77
Rice	0-12	"	"	0-23	"	0-23	0
Wheat	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Millet	12-77	10-20	1-64	2-04	2-26	1-56	0-84
Other cereals	1-21	1-07	0-25	0-29	0-19	0-34	1-29
Pulses	"	0-19	2-81	3-40	4-61	1-94	0-60
Leafy vegetables	2-39	0-18	"	"	"	3-20	3-20
Other vegetables	"	"	0-50	1-60	1-14	0-54	"
Fruits	0-50	"	3-53	11-54	8-47	4-45	1-30
Ghee and vegetable oil	5-62	0-17	0-38	0-38	1-48	0-31	10-53
Milk and milk products	"	"	0-12	1-11	1-72	0-34	0-57
Meat, fish, etc.	0-25	0-40	1-25	1-19	1-65	0-78	1-81
Sugar & jaggery	1-00	"	"	"	"	"	0-48
Condiments	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

• PAPER •

# Diet Survey

## MADRAS

State	West Godavari				North Arcot	
District	Tadapalligudem				Arakonam	
Locality	Madagapalli				Arakonam	
Survey No.	153				155	
Urban or Rural	Urban				Urban	
No. of families	14				14	
No. of persons	14				14	
No. of days of survey	14				14	
Season	December 47				October 47	
Economic status etc.	Harijans Rs. 48/ p.m.				Harijans Rs. 58/ p.m.	
	De 47				Oct. 47	
	Rs. 52 p.m.				Rs. 53/ p.m.	
	Mixed Community				Mixed Community	
	Oct. 1947				Oct. 1947	

## FOODSTUFF OZ. per consumption unit per day

	21-70	21-61	9-23	10-19	15-20
Rice	21-70	21-61	9-23	10-19	15-20
Wheat	"	"	"	"	"
Millet	"	"	"	"	"
Other cereals	"	"	"	"	"
Pulses	"	"	"	"	"
Leafy vegetables	"	"	"	"	"
Other vegetables	"	"	"	"	"
Fruits	1-30	0-10	0-22	0-10	0-22
Chase and vegetable oil	0-10	0-10	0-21	0-10	0-21
Milk and milk products	0-10	1-30	0-25	0-63	0-57
Meat, fish, eggs	0-10	0-23	0-75	1-36	0-97
Sugar & Jaggery	0-90	0-14	0-14	0-20	1-9
Condiments	1-10	0-60	0-6	0-10	0-40
		1-37	0-10	0-87	3-03
			0-29	0-89	1-91
				0-29	2-33
					1-03

\* Negligible.

District	Chingleput	Tiruchirappalli	Nalgiris	Madras	Godavari	Godavari	Madras
Locality		Mayanur		Madras City			Soldapet
Survey No.	153	159	160	161	162	163	165
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
No. of families	12	32	25	16	14	34	25
No. of persons	20	274	129	90	83	10	144
No. of days of survey		20	15-20	7	18-20		20
Season	January	July Aug. 47	February	June, 48	January	January	July
Economic status etc.	Cultivators & labourers	Small cultid- vators	Small cultid- vators	Tea Plantation labourers	Weavers Leprosy in 13 families	Poor Ag.	Weavers, Leprosy in 16/25 families

## FOODSTUFF Oza, per consumption unit per day

	15	10	14	18	14.2	21.5	21.9	15.5
Rice	2	9	6	11.0	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.25
Wheat	0.3	1.4	1.4	3.0	0.6	0.1	0.4	1.0
Millet	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	3.3	2.9	2.5
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.9	1.2	0.5
Leafy vegetables	0.8	0.1	0.2	...	1.1	0.6	0.1	3.7
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	1.5	0.4	0.1	0.7
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...	0.2	0.1	...
Glucose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vegetable oils	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Milk and milk products	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar and jaggery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

## ORISSA

## Ganjam Agency &amp; Khondamals

Ganjam Agency & Khondamals							
District	Phiringda	Phulbani	Cochapada	Udayagiri	Baligada	Kharapada	Phulbani
Locality							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Survey No.							
Urban or Rural	Rural						
No. of families	72 in all						
No. of persons	309 in all						
Season	November December 1947 & March, February 1948.						
Economic status etc.	People residing in these areas are mostly aboriginals. Cultivation is their primary occupation. Forest products supplement the income.						
Students							

## FOODSTUFF Osm. per consumption unit per day

	22-93	21-25	19-38	26-02	18-01	22-62	19-42
Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wheat	0-46	0-07	0-82	..	1-35	0-47	2-33
Millet	0-47	0-25	0-55	0-36	0-50	0-23	0-16
Other cereals	2-11	3-76	2-29	2-68	2-66	1-94	1-77
Pulses	1-68	0-85	2-26	1-75	1-34	2-22	0-10
Leafy vegetables	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other vegetables	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits	..	..	0-04	0-02	0-07	0-07	0-01
Ghee and vegetable oil	0-09	0-11	0-05	0-13	..	..	..
Milk and milk products	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Meat, fish, eggs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar and Jaggery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

\* Negligible.



# Diet Survey

ORISSA

ORISSA													
District	Puri												
Locality													
Survey No.	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23			
Urban or Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural	Semi Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural			
No. of families	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
No. of persons	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
Season	May 1940 to December 1941												
Economic status etc.	Families having income above Rs. 5/ per head of member												

Monthly income per head of member between Rs. 2/8/ to Rs. 5/

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	19-25	27-37	21-30	20-56	19-02	22-18	21-57	23-34	23-21	23-40
other cereals	3-50	-	0-02	0-13	1-65	0-50	0-78	0-70	-	1-00
Wheat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0-15	-	-
Other vegetables	3-76	2-03	2-78	2-32	3-27	3-32	1-31	1-67	2-46	2-70
Other vegetables	0-08	1-01	0-73	0-62	0-41	0-55	0-40	0-91	1-55	0-71
Fruits	6-52	3-91	4-22	5-23	8-78	7-13	3-75	4-99	1-91	4-24
Ghee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0-50	0-20	0-20
Vegetable oils	0-16	0-06	0-02	1-12	0-02	0-03	-	0-40	0-23	0-46
Milk & milk products	0-44	0-14	0-25	0-51	0-42	0-08	0-34	0-21	0-13	2-38
Meat, fish, and eggs	3-14	3-49	0-07	2-12	4-00	4-51	4-03	0-52	0-91	1-91
Sugar and jaggery	0-14	0-15	0-14	2-27	1-70	1-14	0-14	2-21	0-40	0-70
Condiments	-	-	-	0-26	0-82	0-42	-	0-35	-	-
Other foods	0-36	0-20	0-36	0-19	-	0-67	-	0-13	0-37	0-12

\* Negligible

ORISSA									
State									
District	Part								
Locality									
Survey No.	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of days of survey	Semi Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Semi Urban	Rural		
	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Season	May 40 to December 41								
Economist's status etc.	Monthly income per head of member between Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 5/								
	Monthly income per head of member below Rs. 2/8/								

## FOODSTUFF ORS. per consumption unit per day

	2420	2189	2116	2033	1744	2441	2158		
Rice	0.03	---	---	---	---	0.04	---		
Wheat	---	---	---	---	---	---	---		
Millers	---	---	1.11	0.24	---	---	---		
Other cereals	2.91	2.76	0.99	1.23	0.73	1.24	0.97		
Pulses	1.63	0.90	1.27	2.50	1.83	0.33	1.11		
Leafy vegetables	5.69	4.31	2.98	2.55	1.48	6.37	2.42		
Other vegetables	0.74	0.90	---	0.02	0.08	---	---		
Fruits	0.18	---	---	---	0.05	---	---		
Ghee	0.42	0.41	0.11	0.10	0.05	0.20	0.18		
Vegetable oils	2.25	0.96	---	0.10	0.34	0.01	---		
Milk and milk products	0.70	0.81	1.32	1.12	0.31	0.01	0.82		
Meat, fish and eggs	0.29	0.13	0.80	---	0.70	1.35	0.03		
Sugar and Jaggery	---	---	---	---	0.20	---	---		
Condiments	---	0.90	0.13	0.19	---	---	0.05		
Other foods	---	---	---	---	---	---	---		

# Diet Survey

## ORISSA

State	ORISSA									
District	Angul Sub-Division									
Locality										
Survey No.	31	32	33	34	35	36				
Urban or Rural										
No. of families	Semi Urban	Rural	Semi Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural				
No. of persons	102 (for Survey Nos. 31 to 40)									
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10	10				
Season	January 1942 to August 1942									
Economic status etc.	Monthly income per head of members above Rs. 5/					Monthly income per head of members between Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 5/				

### FOODSTUFF    Oza per consumption unit per day

	18-34	25-60	21-53	23-30	25-67	23-34
Rice	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
Wheat	0.78 (Ragd)	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78
Millers	3.75	3.16	1.89	1.83	2.01	1.59
Other cereals	1.45	2.26	1.68	2.24	1.86	1.14
Pulses	10.85	7.07	6.61	5.35	2.64	1.94
Leafy vegetables	0.13	2.60	0.44	1.75	0.43	0.01
Other vegetables	0.13	0.15	0.60	0.22	0.18	0.14
Fruits	0.40	0.28	0.60	0.04	0.01	0.41
Ghee	0.90	1.15	0.76	0.20	0.09	0.64
Vegetable oils	6.47	0.17	0.13	0.20	0.01	0.01
Milk and milk products	2.40	0.41	0.13	0.20	0.01	0.01
Meat, fish, and eggs	0.83	0.41	0.13	0.20	0.01	0.01
Sugar & Jaggery	0.26	0.03	0.13	0.20	0.01	0.01
Other foods						
Condiments						

Negligible





**ORISSA**

Puri Sadar Sub-Division

State	District	Locality	Puri Zilla School Hostel Hindoo Mess	Puri Zilla School Hostel Mohammedan Mess	Puri Sanskrit College Hostel	Puri Brahman Samiti Hostel	Dolan Middle English School Hostel
			46	47	48	49	50
Survey No.							
Urban or Rural			Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural
No. of families							
No. of persons							
No. of days of survey							
Season							July 40
Economic status etc.							Monthly charges Rs. 4/ per man.
			Monthly Messing per man Rs. 7/	Messing charges Rs. 5/ per man.	Monthly mess charges Rs. 3/12 to Rs. 4/ per man.	Monthly charges Rs. 4/8/ to Rs. 5/ per man.	

10  
December 1940

**FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day**

Rice	16.00	18.50	16.50	14.00	20.30
Wheat	2.60	2.60	0.90	3.50	...
Millers	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	6.30
Pulses	6.00	5.20	4.03	5.50	...
Leafy vegetables	0.70	1.20	0.30	...	7.40
Other vegetables	10.77	6.50	6.74	6.91	0.08
Fruits	0.52	...	0.08	...	...
Ghee	0.40	...	0.03	0.20	0.80
Vegetable oils	1.40	0.60	0.20	0.40	0.40
Milk and milk products	...	...	0.15	1.10	...
Meat, fish and eggs	1.20	2.50	0.39	0.04	...
Sugar & jaggery	1.40	...	0.08	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...

\*Negligible

## Diet Survey

State	ORISSA	Khurda Sub-Division	Khurda Middle English School Hostel	Begunia Middle English School Hostel	Bhubaneswar Middle English and High English School Hostels
District					
Locality					
Survey No.	51	52	53	54	55
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Rural	Rural	Semi Urban
No. of families	10				10
No. of persons					
No. of days of survey	August 1940	July Aug. 40	March 41	March 41	November 1940
Season					
Economic status etc.	Messing charges Rs. 4/8 to 5/ p.m.	Messing charges Rs. 4/ per manum	Monthly messing charges per member Rs. 4/		Messing charges Rs. 4 1/2 to 5 / p.m. per man

FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

	1935	1930	21-62	20-30	21-92	1922
Rice	15.55	0.30			4	17.22
Wheat	1.75				0.03	0.76
Millers						
Other cereals						
Pulses	4.98	5.09	6.30	6.05	3.51	0.04
Leafy vegetables	9.45	0.10	0.04		0.12	3.72
Other vegetables	0.01	10.50	8.80	10.91	11.87	0.16
Fruits	0.11	0.02	0.30		0.01	11.35
Ghee	0.40	0.20			0.02	0.05
Vegetable oils	0.52		0.50	0.27	0.30	0.33
Milk and milk products	0.66	0.60	1.30	0.20		0.17
Meat, fish, and eggs	0.02	0.01	0.10		4.70	1.07
Sugar & Jaggery				0.08	0.71	1.15
Condiments						0.20

# Diet Survey

## ORISSA

State	ORISSA		
District	Gop Middle English School Hostel	Gop Middle English School Hostel	
Locality			
Survey No.	57	58	
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	
No. of families	8	10	
No. of persons			
No. of days of survey	May 1941	November 1941	
Season	Monthly Meeting charges per head Rs. 4/-	Monthly Meeting charges per head Rs. 4/-	
Economic status etc.			

### FOODSTUFF Ons per consumption unit per day

	16.00	17.60
Rice	1.76	0.04
Wheat		
Millers		
Other cereals	5.05	4.68
Pulses	0.05	0.34
Leafy vegetables	10.66	8.37
Other vegetables	0.05	0.06
Fruits	0.36	
Ghee	0.61	0.60
Vegetable oils	3.17	0.13
Milk and milk products	1.47	0.92
Meat, fish, and eggs	0.64	0.13
Sugar and jaffery		
Condiments		

\* Negligible

# WEST BENGAL

State

District	Calcutta		Hooghly		
Locality	Calcutta	Calcutta	Singer Health Centre		
Survey No.	1	2	3	4	5
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	5	7	340	340	340
No. of persons	48	21	11976	11976	11976
No. of days of survey	7			7	7
Season	...	June	-1946-47	-1946-47	Dec Feb, 1946-47
Economic status etc.	Middle class families earning Rs. 200 to Rs. 500/	Marwari families earning Rs. 100/ to 1000/	Mostly agriculturalists, Yearly expenditure on food above Rs. 300/	Mostly agriculturalists, Yearly expenditure on food Rs. 200/ to 300/	Mostly agriculturalists, expenditure on food below Rs. 200/ per annum

## FOODSTUFF Oza, per consumption unit per day

Rice	102	30	2703	2627	2302	2476
Wheat	31	103	...	...	...	...
Millet	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	15	24	194	171	144	171
Leafy vegetables	07	...	293	263	263	243
Other vegetables	116	62	1326	1104	894	1144
Fruits	33	31	...	...	...	...
Ghee	...	20	077	067	055	071
Vegetable oils	22	...	...	...	...	...
Milk and milk products	110	117	337	198	111	237
Meat, fish, eggs	56	...	123	082	073	111
Sugar and Jaggery	...	06	087	082	049	109
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...	...

# Diet Survey

## WEST BENGAL

State	Hooghly				24 Parganas	Dinajpur
District	Single Health Centre				Barasat	
Locality						
Survey No.	7	8	9		10	11
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural		Rural	Rural
No. of families	340	340	340		10	40
No. of persons	11976	11976	11976		70	21
No. of days of survey	7	7	7		7	21
Season	Mar. May 1947	June Aug. 1947	Sept. Nov. 1947			Jan. Feb.
Economic status etc.		Mostly Agriculturists			Agriculturists dependent on their own land	Small Agriculturists

## FOODSTUFF Osm. per consumption unit per day

	25-25	25-35	26-31	27	25-0
Rice	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...
Millers	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	1-64	1-88	1-55	1-4	0-4
Pulses	2-45	2-17	2-32	0-2	0-2
Leafy vegetables	10-50	12-10	10-28	9-2	7-0
Other vegetables	...	...	...	0-6	0-3
Fruits	0-73	0-85	0-53	0-6	0-3
Ghee and vegetable oils	2-25	2-07	1-72	3-1	0-7
Milk and milk products	0-75	0-94	0-99	1-3	...
Meat, fish, eggs	0-96	0-52	0-65	...	...
Sugar & Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...

No. of families in Survey Nos. 3-9 is 340.

† No. of persons in Survey Nos. 3-9 is 1976.

State	BARODA (BOMBAY)	BHOPAL	
District	Narsari	Bhopal	
Locality	Bhopal City		
Survey No.	1	2	
Urban or Rural	Rural	Urban	
No. of families	9	37	
No. of persons	55	396	
No. of days of survey	14	12	
Season	Feb. & March	March	August 1948
Economic status etc.	Small cultivators	Lower middle class Rs. 250/ to Rs. 500 per year	People considered of classes poor as well as rich

FOODSTUFF Oza, per consumption unit per day			
Rice	8.1	0.8	1.48
Wheat	11.3	17.2	6.36
Millet	4.0	2.7	3.26
Other cereals	2.6	0.2	1.20
Pulses	0.7	2.0	0.56
Leafy vegetables	2.3	0.36	0.78
Other vegetables	0.7	0.60	0.14
Fruits	0.7	0.91	0.45
Grains and vegetable oils	0.7	0.45	1.25
Milk and milk products	2.3	0.91	0.97
Meat, fish, eggs	0.7	0.45	0.54
Sugar and Jaffery	0.7	0.45	0.28
Condiments	0.7	0.45	0.28

# Diet Survey

## HYDERABAD

State	HYDERABAD				
District	Aurangabad	Miramabad	Taluk Alampur	Raichor	Taluk Alampur
Survey No.	1	2	3	4	5
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	39	105	31	105	41
No. of persons	71000	7	198	316	212
No. of days of survey	7	7	7	7	7
Season	June & July	June & July	Winter	Early summer	Early summer
Economic status etc.	Small cultivators income less than Rs. 3/ per man value	Small cultivators income Rs. 3/ to Rs. 6/ per man value	Mostly small cultivators family income more than Rs. 20/ p.m.	Small cultivators monthly family income less than Rs. 10/ p.m.	Small cultivators monthly family income more than Rs. 10/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	1	2	3	4	5
Rice	23.5 (mostly Jowar)	0.3	20.2	0.5	3.1
Wheat	0.6	0.1	1.4	0.4	0.4
Millet	0.2	25.4 (mostly Jowar)	4.8	25.8 (mostly Jowar)	15.3
Other cereals	0.6	1	2.0	1.3	2.8
Pulses	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Leafy vegetables	0.1	0.2	2.3	0.1	0.4
Non-leafy vegetables	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Fruits	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
Glucose	0.04	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
Vegetable oils	0.2	0.4	3.9	0.1	0.2
Milk and butter-milk	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2
Meat, fish, and eggs	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2
Sugar & Jaggery	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2



# Diet Survey

HYDERABAD				
State	District			
Survey No.	Aurangabad		Bidar	
	6	7	8	9
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	28	7	23	50
No. of persons	7	7	164	330
No. of days of survey	7	7	10	10
Season	June & July	June & July	February	February
Economic status etc.	Small cultivators, income Rs. 4/ to Rs. 10/ per man value	Small cultivators income over Rs. 10/ per man value	Mostly small cultivators Telugu	Mostly small cultivators Kannad

## FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

Rice	0.9	2.5	0.7	1.2	2.0
Wheat	2.0	8.0	0.3	0.8	1.1
Millers	22.1	4.2	26.7	25.7	26.1
	(mostly lower)		(lower)	(lower)	
Other cereals	1.7	2.4	2.2	2.7	3.0
Pulses	0.2	1.1	-	0.3	0.1
Leafy vegetables	0.3	2.2	-	0.3	0.1
Non-leafy vegetables	0.6	1.1	-	0.3	0.7
Fruits	0.6	1.1	-	-	-
Green	0.16	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.2
Vegetable oils	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
Milk and butter-milk	2.1	7.9	0.8	2.4	4.2
Meat, fish and eggs	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2
Sugar and jaggery	0.6	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.3

## HYDERABAD

State	District	Hydrabad City (Decan)	Mabubnagar			Mideak	
			11	12	13	Village Amasagar	Village Muluk
Survey No.						14	15
Urban or Rural		Urban		Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families		22		101	38	11	12
No. of persons				561	331	57	73
No. of days of survey		10		7	7	10	9
Season		- February		Winter	Winter	September	September
Economic status etc.		Low Castes Hindus		Small cultivators family income less than Rs. 20/ p.m.	Mostly small culti- vators, family income more than Rs. 20/ p.m.	Small cultivators	Small cultivators

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	14.6	60	120	27	21
Wheat	9.5	17.6 (mixed)	13.0	15.8 (mostly Maize)	13.1 (mostly rag)
Millet					
Other cereals					
Pulses	1.1	0.6	1.5	0.1	0.3
Leafy vegetables	1.7	0.2	0.6	0.4	1.0
Non-leafy vegetables	0.7			0.9	
Fruit					
Green	0.03	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1
Vegetable oils	0.22	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.0
Milk and butter milk		1.1	5.3	3.9	0.0
Meat, fish, and eggs					
Sugar and jaggery	0.13	0.4	0.3		

HYDERABAD					
State	District	Medak Village Palwalia	Nalgonda		Nizamabad
Survey No.		16	17	18	19
Urban or Rural		Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families		9	118	16	43
No. of persons		46	551	103	312
No. of days of survey		10	7	7	
Season		September	Rains	Rains	Nov & Dec. 41
Economic status etc.		Small cultivators	Small culti- vators, family income less than Rs. 14/ p.m.	Mostly small cultivators, family income Rs. 14/ to Rs. 30/ p.m.	Daily labourers

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice		8.3	9.4	20.8	20.2
Wheat		12.9	12.0	2.31	0.01
Milleta					4.36
Other cereals					
Pulses		0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6
Leafy vegetables		0.4	0.6	0.17	0.06
Non-leafy vegetables		0.1	0.1	0.6	0.7
Fruits					
Green					
Vegetable oils		0.15	0.3	0.1	0.1
Milk and butter milk		0.50	2.6	0.34	2.4
Meat, fish and eggs		0.23	0.3	0.3	0.3
Sugar and jaggery			0.1		

## HYDERABAD

State	Nizamabad				
District					
Survey No.	21	22	23	24	25
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	50	15	9	7	113
No. of persons	283	87	61	50	586
No. of days of survey	...	...	...	...	...
Season	Nov & Dec. 1941	Nov & Dec. 1941	Nov & Dec. 1941	Nov & Dec. 1941	Winter
Economic status etc.	Small agriculturists	Small agriculturists	Agriculturists	Agriculturists	Mostly small agri- culturists families income less than Rs. 25/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Cons. per consumption unit per day

Rice	162	185	22-50	19-7	18-8
Wheat		0-8	0-15	2-2	2-2
Millet	8-0	5-8	3-90	2-8	4-9
Other cereals					
Pulses	1-03	2-10	2-00	2-00	0-7
Leafy vegetables	0-09	0-06	0-11	0-03	0-1
Non-leafy vegetables	1-38	1-30	1-50	2-70	0-9
Fruits					
Ghee	0-08	0-16	0-20	0-40	...
Vegetable oils	0-27	0-40	0-40	0-60	0-15
Milk and butter-milk	1-90	2-80	3-90	4-10	1-50
Meat, fish and eggs	0-20	0-20	0-10	0-60	0-30
Sugar & Jaggery	0-17	0-20	0-15	0-60	...

# Diet Survey

State	HYDERABAD									
District	Hyderabad									
Locality	Hyderabad City									
Survey No.	26	27	28	29	30	31	32			
Season	January to July 1940									
Economic status etc.	Municipal Sweepers	Chaprais	Wardboys	Dais	Osmands Hospital Sweepers	Dhobies	Tailors			
	Ra. 17/ p.m.	Ra. 18/ p.m.	Ra. 22/ p.m.	Ra. 26/ p.m.	Ra. 29/ p.m.	Ra. 32/ p.m.	Ra. 40/ p.m.			
Urban or Rural	Urban									
No. of families	66	3	8	4	4	4	1			
No. of persons	238	118	144	26	19	16	4			
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day										
Rice	25.5	19.0	15.0	19.0	22.5	23.1	26.8			
Wheat	1.3	4.8	4.0	3.0	5.3	3.1	3.6			
Millets	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.3	3.0	2.1			
Other cereals	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	2.0	0.5			
Leafy vegetables	0.4	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.7	2.0	3.0			
Other vegetables	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.5	0.3			
Fruits	0.4	1.7	1.0	1.1	4.0	3.3	3.6			
Ghee and vegetable oils	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.9	1.5	0.3			
Milk and milk products	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.1	4.0	3.3	3.6			
Meat, fish and eggs	..	..	1.6	..	..	..	4.1			
Sugar and Jaggery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Condiments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			

# Diet Survey

## HYDERABAD

Hyderabad

Hyderabad City

33

34

35

Urban or Rural  
No. of families  
No. of persons  
No. of days of survey

Urban  
32  
137  
7

Urban  
11  
43  
7

Urban  
1  
50  
7

Season

May 1945  
Municipal sweepers  
Rs. 38/ p.m.

May 1945  
Wesley Bath Daily  
Labourers  
Rs. 30/ p.m.

February 1946  
Orphanas

Economic status etc.

FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice

5.6

7.9

23.5

Wheat

0.2

0.8

0.5

Millers

15.6

10.0

..

Other cereals

0.9

1.5

3.0

Pulses

0.1

0.1

1.7

Leafy vegetables

1.1

1.5

2.8

Other vegetables

0.2

0.3

2.1

Fruits

0.1

0.3

0.9

Grease and vegetable oils

0.1

0.3

0.7

Milk and milk products

0.8

1.1

1.1

Meat, fish and eggs

1.3

0.1

..

Sugar and Jaggery

..

2.2

4.3

Condiments

# HYDERABAD

## Medak

District	Medak									
Locality	Medak					Ramayampet				
Survey No.	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43		
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban		
No. of families	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
No. of persons	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
No. of days of survey	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Season	Seven Days September 1940 to October 1940									
Economic status etc	G B.S.	G T.S.	B. Grade Hostral	A Grade Hostral	B.S.S.	Nurses Hostral	B.H	B.H		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Rice	7.8	9.9	7.9	16.4	7.0	8.0	6.1		
Wheat	1.7	1.6	3.1	3.0	1.8	4.0	2.5		
Milllets	6.5	4.0	7.9		7.5	4.0	14.5		
Other cereals									
Pulses	1.6	1.8	2.5	1.6	1.0	1.5	1.1		
Leafy vegetables	2.3	2.4	0.7	0.3	1.3	2.2	0.1		
Other vegetables	1.7	5.1	1.6	1.6	2.4	6.2	2.6		
Fruits									
Grease and vegetable oils	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.5		
Milk and milk products	2.3	1.5	0.1	0.1		4.2	1.1		
Meat, fish and eggs	1.5	1.0	0.4	0.7	2.4	1.7	0.5		
Sugar and Jaggery	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.5	3.0			
Condiments									

# Diet Survey

## HYDERABAD

### Mahabubnagar

#### Lingal settlement

Survey No.	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	40	7	234	12	24	25	5	2
No. of persons	7	7	11	65	130	170	43	12
No. of days of survey	7	7	7	"	3	3	3	3
Season	December 1940 to January 1941			Feb. & March 1941		November 1942		
Economic status etc.	Convicts	Under trials		Chenhas (a small forest tribe)	Agricultural daily labourers Rs. 21/ p.m.	small Aji- culturist and Tr. Ajiemen Rs. 45/ p.m.	Agriculturist Tr. Ajiemen Rs. 87/ p.m.	Agriculturist & Tr. Ajiemen Rs. 108/ p.m.

#### FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

Wheat	10.0	7.8	15.4	0.1	1.2	4.5	9.7	18.5
Millet	14.1	12.1	5.4	4.3	22.3	22.6	17.8	12.0
Other cereals				0.3	1.0	3.0	1.8	
Pulses	3.9	3.7	1.4	"	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.5
Leafy vegetables	1.2	1.0	0.2	"	0.2	0.7	0.1	2.0
Other v. getables	4.6	4.9	0.1	"	0.2	1.0	2.4	
Fruits					0.1	0.6	0.6	1.4
Ghee and vegetable oils	0.4	0.5	0.3	Negligible	2.2	10.3	4.7	15.7
Milk and milk products	"	"	0.3	"	"	"	0.2	0.9
Meat, fish and eggs	"	"	0.3	"	"	Negligible	0.2	"
Sugar and jaggery	"	"	0.3	0.5	2.7	3.7	4.7	"
Condiments	1.3	1.3	1.5		2.7			



## Start

**Normalized**

—

- Rice
- Wheat
- Millet
- Other cereals
- Pulses
- Leafy vegetables
- Other vegetables
- Fruits
- Ghee and vegetable oils
- Milk and milk products
- Meat, fish and eggs
- Sugar and jaggery
- Condiments

# Diet Survey

## HYDERABAD

State	HYDERABAD			
District	Vizianbhad		Adilabad	
Locality	Vizianbhad		Adilabad	
Survey No.	59	60	61	62
Urban or Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural	Rural
No. of families	39	36	50	84
No. of persons	7	7	7	422
No. of days of survey	7	7	7	7
Season	February 1942		November 1942 and January 1943	
Economic status etc.	P.B.H.	G.B.H.	Agriculturist and other labourers Rs. 12/	Small farmers Rs. 15/
			Farmers and tradesmen Rs. 30/	
			Farmers, tradesmen & Govt. servants Rs. 45/	

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	73	104	23	44	70	114
Rice	100	12	178	208	203	18
Wheat	25	29	18	25	33	94
Millers	24	10	01	03	03	21
Other cereals	30	40	01	07	10	03
Pulses	05	24	01	02	03	14
Leafy vegetables	05	10	01	02	03	06
Other vegetables	53	21	09	09	83	81
Fruits	20	24	02	01	02	11
Ghee and vegetable oils	15	24	06	03	12	03
Milk and milk products	33	22	06	03	12	12
Meat, fish and eggs						
Sugar and jaggery						
Condiments						

## HYDERABAD

District	Karimnagar					Aurangabad				
Locality	Karimnagar					Aurangabad				
Survey No.	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72		
Urban or Rural No. of families No. of persons No. of days of survey	Rural									
	22	36	16	10	22	21	3	2		
	124	150	85	54	146	112	32	31		
	7	7	7	7	3	3	3	3		
Season	July and August 1943					November 1943				
Economic status etc.	Agriculturists and other Labourers Rs. 8/8/	Small farmers Rs. 15/8/	Farmers and Tradesmen Rs. 27/	Farmers, Tradesmen and Lawyers Rs. 53/	Small Agriculturists & Tradesmen Rs. 20/	Small Agriculturists & Tradesmen Rs. 32/	Agriculturists and Tradesmen Rs. 68/	Agriculturists & Tradesmen Rs. 325/		

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	192	196	205	275	277	277	277	277	277	277
Rice	3.4	19.2	19.6	20.5	27.5	27.7	27.7	27.7	27.7	27.7
Wheat	21.1	6.4	7.1	2.1	27.5	27.7	27.7	27.7	27.7	27.7
Millet				1.9						
Other cereals										
Pulses	0.3	2.0	1.7	2.6	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Leafy vegetables	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other vegetables		0.8		5.1	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Fruits										
Ghee and vegetable oils	0.1	0.4	0.3	1.7	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Milk and milk products	0.2	1.4	0.5	11.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Meat, fish and eggs	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Sugar and Jaggery				1.1						
Condiments	0.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

# Diet Survey

## HYDERABAD

District	Aurangabad			Nalgonda			Cherngatta
Locality	Aurangabad			Narkatpalli			
Survey No.	73	74	75	76	77	78	
Urban or Rural	Urban			Rural			
No. of families	1	1	18	13	12	13	
No. of persons	242	68	7	73	69	71	
No. of days of survey	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Season	September 1945			May 1944			
Economic status etc.	Convicts	Under Trials	Children Reformatory	Agricultural labourers Rs. 9/	Small agricultural labourers Rs. 14/	Agriculturist, Agricultural labourers & Carpenters Rs. 15/	

## FOODSTUFF OZs per consumption unit per day

Foodstuff	Urban		Rural		Agriculturist, Agricultural labourers & Carpenters Rs. 15/
	Convicts	Under Trials	Children Reformatory	Agricultural labourers Rs. 9/	Small agricultural labourers Rs. 14/
Rice	240	160	180	20	24
Wheat	30	30	20	109	192
Millers	40	40	40	7	7
Other cereals	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Pulses	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Leafy vegetables	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Other vegetables	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Fruits	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Ghee and vegetable oils	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Milk and milk products	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Meat, fish, eggs	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Sugar and Jaffery	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Condiments	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25

		Diet Survey			
State		KASHMIR			
District		Srinagar			
Locality		10			
Survey No.		1	2		
Urban or Rural		Rural and Urban		Monthly Urban	
No. of families		23		23	
No. of persons		...		10	
No. of days of survey		October		October	
Season		...		Poor middle class Hindus and Muslims	
Economic status etc.					

FOODSTUFF			Oza. per consumption unit per day
Rice	25.6	25.6	
Wheat	1.3	1.3	
Millet	...	...	
Other cereals	...	...	
Pulses	0.6	0.6	
Leafy vegetables	5.2	5.2	
Other vegetables	1.5	1.5	
Fruits	...	...	
Ghee	0.9	0.9	
Vegetable oils	...	...	
Milk and milk products	2.2	2.2	
Meat, fish, eggs	0.2	0.2	
Sugar and jaggery	0.5	0.5	



# Diet Survey

## TRAVANCORE

State	TRAVANCORE				
District	Trivandrum				
Locality	Trivandrum				
Survey No.	1	2	3	4	5
Urban or Rural	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban
No. of families	4	8	10	7	6
No. of persons	23	36	64	62	52
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10
Season	April to June 1942				
Economic status etc	Mostly Govt. servants. A few of them merchants and labourers				
	Income up to Rs. 10/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 11/ to Rs. 20/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 21/ to Rs. 50/ p.m.	Monthly income from Rs. 50/ to Rs. 100/	Monthly income from Rs. 100/ and above

## FOODSTUFF Ozm. per consumption unit per day

	72	141	164	156	165
Rice	72	141	164	156	165
Wheat					
Millet					
Other cereals			0.4	0.13	0.7
Pulses	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.1	2.0
Leafy vegetables	0.17	0.24	0.18	0.19	1.17
Other vegetables	7.9	12.7	9.4	5.2	5.7
Fruits	1.20	1.90	1.4	2.8	4.00
Ghee					
Vegetable oils	1.40	1.30	2.20	2.1	3.20
Milk and milk products	0.45	0.70	7.14	7.1	14.80
Meat, fish and eggs	0.53	1.36	0.84	1.09	0.99
Sugar & Jaggery	0.40	0.40	1.20	1.1	1.80
Condiments	0.20	0.25	0.90	0.5	0.40

# Diet Survey

## TRAVANCORE

District	Trivandrum									
Locality	Trivandrum									
Survey No.	6	7	8	9	10					
Urban or Rural	Urban									
No. of families	114									
No. of persons	773									
No. of days of survey	10									
Season	November 1941 to March 1942									
Economic status etc.	Mostly labourers and Government servants. A few of them merchants and labourers									
Monthly income up to Rs. 10/-	Income from Rs. 11/- to Rs. 20/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 21/- to Rs. 50/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 51/- to Rs. 100/ p.m.	Income above Rs. 100/- p.m.						

## FOODSTUFF OZs. per consumption unit per day

	76	141	176	161	172
Rice	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...
Millet	...	...	...	...	...
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...
Pulses	...	...	...	...	...
Leafy vegetables	...	...	...	...	...
Other vegetables	...	...	...	...	...
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...
Grass	...	...	...	...	...
Vegetable oils	...	...	...	...	...
Milk and milk butter	...	...	...	...	...
Meat, fish, eggs	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar & Jaggery	...	...	...	...	...
Condiments	...	...	...	...	...



TRAVANCORE						
State						
District	Tiruvandrum					
Locality	Ardingal					
Survey No.	11	12	13	14	15	
Urban or Rural	Semi-Urban	Semi-Urban	Semi-Urban	Semi-Urban	Semi-Urban	Semi-Urban
No. of families	10	9	16	8	2	
No. of persons	46	57	121	94	8	
No. of days of survey	10	10	10	10	10	
Season	April & May 1942					
Economic status etc.	Labourers, Merchants, Agriculturists and Government Servants.					
	Monthly income above Rs. 10/	Monthly income from Rs. 11/ to Rs. 20/	Monthly income from Rs. 21/ to Rs. 50/	Monthly income from Rs. 51/ to Rs. 100/	Monthly income above Rs. 100/	

## FOODSTUFF Oza. per consumption unit per day

	11-5	13-4	17-5	17-9	16-3	
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	
Millet	...	...	...	...	...	
Other cereals	...	...	...	...	...	
Pulses	0-1	0-2	0-2	0-3	1-9	
Leafy vegetables	0-11	0-14	0-16	0-8	1-7	
Other vegetables	12-7	12-7	11-0	8-3	0-65	
Fruits	1-9	1-7	2-9	3-1	9-6	
Ghee	...	...	...	...	5-2	
Vegetable oils	1-3	1-5	2-3	2-1	...	
Milk and milk butter	0-7	1-2	3-8	5-7	3-5	
Meat, fish, eggs	1-36	1-14	2-34	1-97	14-2	
Sugar and Jaggery	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-1	1-7	
Condiments	0-25	0-3	0-4	0-4	1-8	
					0-6	

# TRAVANCORE

State	Trivandrum			
District	Atridagel			
Locality	Semi Urban			
Survey No.	16	17	18	19
Urban or Rural	125			
No. of families	843			
No. of persons	10			
No. of days of survey				
Season	November 1941 to February 1942			
Economic status etc.	Labourers, Merchants, Agriculturists and Government servants			
	Income up to Rs. 10/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 11/ to Rs. 20/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 21/ to Rs. 50/ p.m.	Income from Rs. 51/ to Rs. 100/ p.m.
				Income above Rs. 100/ p.m.

## FOODSTUFF Oms. per consumption unit per day

	10-5	15-6	18-1	17-9	18-2
Rice	10-5	15-6	18-1	17-9	18-2
Wheat	-	-	-	-	-
Millet	-	-	-	-	-
Other cereals	-	-	-	-	-
Pulses	0-17	0-5	0-3	0-6	2-4
Leafy vegetables	0-12	0-08	0-11	0-13	0-4
Other vegetables	12-60	12-2	10-0	6-33	8-5
Fruits	0-20	1-1	1-9	2-4	4-0
Grice	-	-	-	-	-
Vegetable oils	0-11	1-5	2-2	2-6	4-2
Milk and milk butter	1-10	1-7	2-6	6-0	15-8
Meat, fish, eggs	1-82	1-62	2-7	2-0	3-3
Sugar and Jaggery	0-30	0-4	0-6	1-1	1-8
Constituents	0-23	0-4	0-5	0-4	0-7



